

Package: gsw (via r-universe)

September 18, 2024

Version 1.2-0

Title Gibbs Sea Water Functions

Copyright Original algorithms and 'Matlab'/C library (c) 2015-2023
WG127 SCOR/IAPSO (Scientific Committee on Oceanic Research /
International Association for the Physical Sciences of the
Oceans, Working Group 127); C wrapper code and R code (c)
2015-2023 Dan Kelley and Clark Richards

Maintainer Dan Kelley <dan.kelley@dal.ca>

Depends R (>= 3.5.0),

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

BugReports <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R/issues>

Description Provides an interface to the Gibbs 'SeaWater' ('TEOS-10')
C library, version 3.06-16-0 (commit
'657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371', dated 2022-10-11,
available at <<https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C>>, which stems
from 'Matlab' and other code written by members of Working
Group 127 of 'SCOR'/IAPSO' (Scientific Committee on Oceanic
Research / International Association for the Physical Sciences
of the Oceans).

URL <http://teos-10.github.io/GSW-R/>

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LazyLoad yes

LazyData no

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

BuildVignettes true

VignetteBuilder knitr

Repository <https://teos-10.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/teos-10/gsw-r>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 5cde3d00d03f3122f12c32edd079de883192ed4e

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argfix	<i>Reshape list elements to match that of the first element</i>
--------	---

Description

This is mainly used within gsw, to ensure that arguments sent to the C functions are of equal length. This is a convenience, for processing data that often have this condition. For example, a CTD profile is likely to have many values for SP, t, and p, but just a single value for each of longitude and latitude. It is important to call `argfix()` to handle such cases, because otherwise the underlying C code will be looking past the end of the vectors storing longitude and latitude, which can yield odd results or even segmentation faults.

Usage

```
argfix(list)
```

Arguments

<code>list</code>	A list of elements, typically arguments that will be used in GSW functions.
-------------------	---

Value

A list with all elements of same shape (length or dimension).

gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_from_CT
Adiabatic Lapse Rate

Description

Note that the unit is K/Pa; multiply by 1e4 to get the more useful K/dbar.

Usage

```
gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_from_CT(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

adiabatic lapse rate (note unconventional unit) [K/Pa]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_from_CT.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
lr <- gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_from_CT(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(lr*1e7,
```

```
c(0.240199646230069, 0.238457486976761, 0.203635157319712,
  0.119829566859790, 0.100052760967308, 0.087773070307283)))
```

```
gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_ice
```

Adiabatic Lapse Rate of Ice

Description

Note that the unit is K/Pa; multiply by 1e4 to get the more useful K/dbar.

Usage

```
gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

adiabatic lapse rate (note unconventional unit) [K/Pa]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_ice.html

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
lr <- gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(lr*1e7, c(0.218777853913651, 0.216559115188599, 0.216867659957613,
  0.216988337914416, 0.217182707402780, 0.218100558740840)))
```

gsw_alpha	<i>Thermal expansion coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature</i>
-----------	---

Description

Thermal expansion coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

Usage

```
gsw_alpha(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

thermal expansion coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature [1/K]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_alpha.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
alpha <- gsw_alpha(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(alpha*1e3, c(0.324464211877393, 0.322610094680523, 0.281335030247435,
0.173529986885424, 0.146898108553385, 0.130265123640082)))
```

gsw_alpha_on_beta	<i>Thermal expansion coefficient over haline contraction coefficient</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Thermal expansion coefficient over haline contraction coefficient, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

Usage

```
gsw_alpha_on_beta(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

ratio of thermal expansion coefficient to haline contraction coefficient [(g/kg)/K]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained,

a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_alpha_on_beta.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
alpha_on_beta <- gsw_alpha_on_beta(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(alpha_on_beta, c(0.452468543022009, 0.449601695030057, 0.387140203094424,
0.230778871228268, 0.193747796234162, 0.170946048860385)))
```

`gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact` *Thermal expansion coefficient with respect to in-situ temperature*

Description

Thermal expansion coefficient with respect to in-situ temperature.

Usage

```
gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

thermal expansion coefficient with respect to in-situ temperature [1/K]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
alpha_wrt_t_exact <- gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact(SA,t,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(alpha_wrt_t_exact*1e3,
  c(0.325601747227247, 0.323448083851267, 0.281413883319329,
    0.172825692975230, 0.145569941503599, 0.128362986933288)))
```

`gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice` *Ice Thermal Expansion Coefficient with Respect to in-situ Temperature*

Description

Thermal expansion coefficient of ice, with respect to in-situ temperature.

Usage

```
gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

thermal expansion coefficient with respect to in-situ temperature [1/K]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
alpha <- gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(alpha*1e3, c(0.154472408751279, 0.153041866100900, 0.153232698269327,
0.153297634665747, 0.153387461617896, 0.153938395452558)))
```

gsw_beta	<i>Haline contraction coefficient at constant Conservative Temperature</i>
----------	--

Description

Haline contraction coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

Usage

```
gsw_beta(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Haline contraction coefficient at constant Conservative Temperature [kg/g]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_beta.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
beta <- gsw_beta(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(beta, 1e-3*c(0.717521909550091, 0.717657376442386, 0.726169785748549,
0.750420924314564, 0.754903052075032, 0.756841573481865)))
```

gsw_beta_const_t_exact

Haline contraction coefficient at constant in-situ temperature

Description

Haline contraction coefficient at constant in-situ temperature.

Usage

```
gsw_beta_const_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Haline contraction coefficient at constant in-situ temperature [kg/g]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_beta_const_t_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
b <- gsw_beta_const_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(b*1e3, c(0.731120837010429, 0.731071779078011, 0.736019128913071,
                           0.753810501711847, 0.757259405338257, 0.758649268096996)))
```

gsw_cabbeling	<i>Cabbeling coefficient</i>
---------------	------------------------------

Description

Cabbeling coefficient (75-term equation)

Usage

```
gsw_cabbeling(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Cabbeling coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature [1/(K²)]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_cabbeling.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
cabbeling <- gsw_cabbeling(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(cabbeling*1e4, c(0.086645721047423, 0.086837829466794, 0.092525582052438,
0.108884336975401, 0.112971197222338, 0.115483896148927)))
```

gsw_chem_potential_water_ice

Chemical Potential of Ice

Description

Chemical Potential of Ice

Usage

```
gsw_chem_potential_water_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

chemical potential [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_chem_potential_water_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to chemical potential: [gsw_chem_potential_water_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
pot <- gsw_chem_potential_water_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pot/1e4, c(-1.340648365149857, -1.644921413491445, -1.480991678890353,
                              -1.272436055728805, -0.711509477199393, 0.045575390357792)))
```

gsw_chem_potential_water_t_exact

Chemical Potential of Water in Seawater

Description

Chemical Potential of Water in Seawater

Usage

```
gsw_chem_potential_water_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

chemical potential [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_chem_potential_water_t_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to chemical potential: [gsw_chem_potential_water_ice\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
pot <- gsw_chem_potential_water_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pot, c(-8.545561146284534, -8.008085548342105, -5.103980139874876,
-0.634067782745442, 3.335566803473286, 7.555434445971858)))
```

`gsw_cp_ice`

Specific heat to ice

Description

Specific heat of ice

Usage

```
gsw_cp_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

`t` in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
`p` sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

specific heat [J/(K*kg)]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_cp_ice.html

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
cp <- gsw_cp_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(cp, c(2017.314262094657, 1997.830122682709, 2002.281331375396,
                          2006.127319545421, 2015.676303959609, 2033.308170371559)))
```

<code>gsw_cp_t_exact</code>	<i>Isobaric heat capacity</i>
-----------------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Isobaric heat capacity

Usage

```
gsw_cp_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

<code>SA</code>	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

heat capacity [J/(kg*K)]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_cp_t_exact.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
cp_t_exact <- gsw_cp_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(cp_t_exact/1e3, c(4.002888003958537, 4.000980283927373, 3.995546468894633,
3.985076769021370, 3.973593843482723, 3.960184084786622)))
```

`gsw_CT_first_derivatives`

First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature

Description

First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_CT_first_derivatives(SA, pt)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
pt	potential temperature (ITS-90) [degC]

Value

A list containing `CT_SA` [K/(g/kg)], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity, and `CT_pt` [unitless], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_first_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4209, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
r <- gsw_CT_first_derivatives(SA, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_SA,
  c(-0.041981092877806, -0.041558140199508, -0.034739209004865,
    -0.018711103772892, -0.014075941811725, -0.010571716552295)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_pt,
  c(1.002814937296636, 1.002554817053239, 1.001645140295163,
    1.000003771100520, 0.999716359504731, 0.999474326580093)))
```

`gsw_CT_first_derivatives_wrt_t_exact`

Derivatives of Conservative Temperature with Respect to or at Constant in-situ Temperature

Description

Derivatives of Conservative Temperature with Respect to or at Constant in-situ Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_CT_first_derivatives_wrt_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing $CT_SA_wrt_t$ [K/(g/kg)], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant temperature and pressure, $CT_t_wrt_t$ [unitless], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to temperature at constant Absolute Salinity and pressure, and $CT_p_wrt_t$, the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to pressure at constant Absolute Salinity and temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_first_derivatives_wrt_t_exact.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
r <- gsw_CT_first_derivatives_wrt_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_SA_wrt_t,
  c(-0.041988694538987, -0.041596549088952, -0.034853545749326,
    -0.019067140454607, -0.015016439826591, -0.012233725491373)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_t_wrt_t,
  c(1.002752642867571, 1.002243118597902, 1.000835702767227,
    0.998194915250648, 0.995219303532390, 0.991780205482695)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_p_wrt_t/1e-7,
  c(-0.241011880838437, -0.239031676279078, -0.203649928441505,
    -0.119370679226136, -0.099140832825342, -0.086458168643579)))
```

gsw_CT_freezing

Conservative Temperature of Freezing Seawater

Description

Conservative Temperature of Freezing Seawater

Usage

```
gsw_CT_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	saturation fraction of dissolved air in seawater

Value

Conservative Temperature at freezing of seawater [degC].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_freezing.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
CT <- gsw_CT_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(-1.899683776424096, -1.940791867869104, -2.006240664432488,
                        -2.092357761318778, -2.359300831770506, -2.677162675412748)))
```

gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives

First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature for Freezing Water

Description

First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature for Freezing Water

Usage

```
gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

A list containing CTfreezing_SA [K/(g/kg)], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant potential temperature, and CTfreezing_p [unitless], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to pressure at constant Absolute Salinity.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c(          10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- c(    1,    0.8,    0.6,    0.5,    0.4,    0)
r <- gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CTfreezing_SA,
  c(-0.058193253897272, -0.058265158334170, -0.058345661671901,
    -0.058373842446463, -0.058534544740846, -0.058730846361252)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CTfreezing_p/1e-7,
  c(-0.765300390432684, -0.766942996466485, -0.769892679988284,
    -0.774561011527902, -0.787769143040504, -0.802771548245855)))
```

gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives_poly

*First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature for Freezing Water
(Polynomial version)*

Description

First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature for Freezing Water (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

A list containing CTfreezing_SA [K/(g/kg)], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant potential temperature, and CTfreezing_p [unitless], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to pressure at constant Absolute Salinity.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives_poly.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c(          10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- c(    1,    0.8,    0.6,    0.5,    0.4,    0)
r <- gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CTfreezing_SA,
  c(-0.058191181082769, -0.058263310660779, -0.058343573188907,
    -0.058370514075271, -0.058528023214462, -0.058722959729433)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CTfreezing_p/1e-7,
  c(-0.765690732336706, -0.767310677213890, -0.770224214219328,
    -0.774843488962665, -0.787930403016584, -0.802821704643775)))
```

gsw_CT_freezing_poly *Conservative Temperature Freezing Point (Polynomial version)*

Description

Conservative Temperature Freezing Point (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_CT_freezing_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	saturation fraction of dissolved air in seawater

Value

Conservative Temperature at freezing of seawater [degC].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_freezing_poly.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
CT_freezing <- gsw_CT_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT_freezing, c(-1.899683776424096, -1.940791867869104, -2.006240664432488,
                                -2.092357761318778, -2.359300831770506, -2.677162675412748)))
```

`gsw_CT_from_enthalpy` *Conservative Temperature from Enthalpy*

Description

Conservative Temperature from Enthalpy

Usage

```
gsw_CT_from_enthalpy(SA, h, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
h	specific enthalpy [J/kg]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Conservative Temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_enthalpy.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
h <- c(1.15103e5, 1.14014e5, 0.92180e5, 0.43255e5, 0.33087e5, 0.26970e5)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4209, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
CT <- gsw_CT_from_enthalpy(SA, h, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(28.809854569021972, 28.439026483379287, 22.786196534098817,
10.226106994920777, 6.827159682675204, 4.323428660306681)))
```

`gsw_CT_from_entropy` *Conservative Temperature from Entropy*

Description

Conservative Temperature from Entropy

Usage

```
gsw_CT_from_entropy(SA, entropy)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
entropy	specific entropy [J/(degC*kg)]

Value

Conservative Temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_entropy.html

See Also

Other things related to entropy: [gsw_entropy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_pt\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_t\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_entropy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
entropy <- c(400.3892, 395.4378, 319.8668, 146.7910, 98.6471, 62.7919)
CT <- gsw_CT_from_entropy(SA, entropy)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(28.809902787278070, 28.439199226786918, 22.786199266954270,
10.226197672488652, 6.827196739780282, 4.323602945446461)))
```

gsw_CT_from_pt

Conservative Temperature from Potential Temperature

Description

Conservative Temperature from Potential Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_CT_from_pt(SA, pt)
```

Arguments

SA Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.

pt potential temperature (ITS-90) [degC]

Value

Conservative Temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_pt.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4209, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
CT <- gsw_CT_from_pt(SA, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(28.809923015982083, 28.439144260767169, 22.786246608464264,
                        10.226165605435785, 6.827183417643142, 4.323565182322069)))
```

gsw_CT_from_rho	<i>Conservative Temperature from Density, Absolute Salinity and Pressure</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Conservative Temperature from Density, Absolute Salinity and Pressure

Usage

```
gsw_CT_from_rho(rho, SA, p)
```

Arguments

rho	seawater density [kg/m ³]
SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing two estimates of Conservative Temperature: CT and CT_multiple, each in [degC].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_rho.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
rho <- c(1021.8484, 1022.2647, 1024.4207, 1027.7841, 1029.8287, 1031.9916)
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_CT_from_rho(rho, SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT, c(28.784377302226968, 28.432402127485858, 22.808745445250068,
10.260169334807866, 6.887336649146716, 4.404594162282834)))
```

gsw_CT_from_t *Convert from temperature to conservative temperature*

Description

Convert from temperature to conservative temperature

Usage

```
gsw_CT_from_t(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Conservative Temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_t.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
CT <- gsw_CT_from_t(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(28.809919826700281, 28.439227816091140, 22.786176893078498,
10.226189266620782, 6.827213633479988, 4.323575748610455)))
```

gsw_CT_maxdensity	<i>Conservative Temperature at Maximum Density</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Conservative Temperature at Maximum Density

Usage

```
gsw_CT_maxdensity(SA, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Conservative Temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_maxdensity.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
CT <- gsw_CT_maxdensity(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(-3.731407240089855, -3.861137427731664, -4.060390602245942,
                        -4.306222571955388, -5.089240667106197, -6.028034316992341)))
```

gsw_CT_second_derivatives

Second Derivatives of Conservative Temperature

Description

Second Derivatives of Conservative Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_CT_second_derivatives(SA, pt)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
pt	potential temperature (ITS-90) [degC]

Value

A list containing CT_SA_SA [K/(g/kg)²], the second derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant potential temperature, and CT_SA_pt [1/(g/kg)], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature and Absolute Salinity, and CT_pt_pt [1/degC], the second derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_second_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4209, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
r <- gsw_CT_second_derivatives(SA, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_SA_SA/1e-3, c(-0.060718502077064, -0.062065324400873, -0.084017055354742,
    -0.148436050120131, -0.171270386500246, -0.189920754900116)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_SA_pt, c(-0.001197415000869, -0.001198309530139, -0.001226523296082,
    -0.001335896286481, -0.001380492698572, -0.001417751669135)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_pt_pt/1e-3, c(0.123012754427146, 0.124662008871271, 0.140829458783443,
    0.140646803448166, 0.113684095615077, 0.082286843477998)))
```

gsw_C_from_SP

Electrical Conductivity from Practical Salinity

Description

Electrical conductivity (in mS/cm) from Practical Salinity. To convert the return value to conductivity ratio, divide by 42.9140 (the value of conductivity at S=35, T68=15, and p=0).

Usage

```
gsw_C_from_SP(SP, t, p)
```

Arguments

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

electrical conductivity [mS/cm]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_C_from_SP.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_SA_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SK\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SR_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Other things related to conductivity: [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SP <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(      10,      50,     125,     250,     600,    1000)
C <- gsw_C_from_SP(SP, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(C, c(56.412599581571186, 56.316185602699953, 50.670369333973944,
                        38.134518936104350, 35.056577637635257, 32.986550607990118)))
```

`gsw_deltaSA_from_SP` *Absolute Salinity Anomaly from Practical Salinity*

Description

Absolute Salinity Anomaly from Practical Salinity

Usage

```
gsw_deltaSA_from_SP(SP, p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Value

deltaSA Absolute Salinity Anomaly [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_deltaSA_from_SP.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: `gsw_C_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic()`, `gsw_SA_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SP_from_C()`, `gsw_SP_from_SA()`, `gsw_SP_from_SK()`, `gsw_SP_from_SR()`, `gsw_SP_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SR_from_SP()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SA()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SP()`

Examples

```
SP = c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p = c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
lat = c(  4,      4,      4,      4,      4,      4)
long = c( 188,    188,    188,    188,    188,    188)
deltaSA = gsw_deltaSA_from_SP(SP,p,long,lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(deltaSA, c(0.000167203365230, 0.000268836122231, 0.000665803155705,
                              0.002706154619403, 0.005652977406832, 0.009444734661606)))
```

gsw_dilution_coefficient_t_exact

Dilution coefficient

Description

Dilution coefficient

Usage

```
gsw_dilution_coefficient_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

dilution coefficient [(J/kg)(kg/g)]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_dilution_coefficient_t_exact.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
dc <- gsw_dilution_coefficient_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(dc, c(79.140034211532040, 79.104983526833820, 77.503312016847389,
                        73.535062653715272, 72.483378545466564, 71.760667498673087)))
```

`gsw_dynamic_enthalpy` *Dynamic enthalpy of seawater (75-term equation)*

Description

Dynamic enthalpy of seawater (75-term equation)

Usage

```
gsw_dynamic_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

dynamic enthalpy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262,  6.8272,  4.3236)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
de <- gsw_dynamic_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(de/1000, c(0.097864698087770, 0.489161476686235, 1.220512192086506,
2.433731199531144, 5.833880057399701, 9.711443860944032)))
```

gsw_enthalpy	<i>Specific enthalpy of seawater (75-term equation)</i>
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Description

Specific enthalpy of seawater (75-term equation)

Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

specific enthalpy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw_CT_from_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_dynamic_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_diff\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_potential\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_potential_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <-c( 28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262,  6.8272,  4.3236)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
e <- gsw_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(1.151031813559086, 1.140146926828028, 0.921800138366058,
                           0.432553713026279, 0.330871609742468, 0.269706841603465)))
```

gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact *Seawater Specific Enthalpy in terms of Conservative Temperature*

Description

Seawater Specific Enthalpy in terms of Conservative Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

specific enthalpy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw_CT_from_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_dynamic_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_diff\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_potential\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_p](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
e <- gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(1.151031813321767, 1.140146925586514, 0.921800131787836,
0.432553712315790, 0.330871615358722, 0.269706848807403)))
```

`gsw_enthalpy_diff` *Specific Enthalpy Difference with Pressure*

Description

Specific enthalpy difference [J/kg].

Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_diff(SA, CT, p_shallow, p_deep)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p_shallow	pressure at a shallower depth [dbar]
p_deep	pressure at a deeper depth [dbar]

Value

specific enthalpy difference [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_diff.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_p`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p_shallow <- c(10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
p_deep <- c( 110,   150,   225,   350,   700,   1100)
ed <- gsw_enthalpy_diff(SA, CT, p_shallow, p_deep)
stopifnot(all.equal(ed/1e2, c(9.784180644568052, 9.780195056105020, 9.759587700515114,
9.727552719534447, 9.708223170174454, 9.687871289079633)))
```

`gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives`

First Derivatives of Enthalpy

Description

First Derivatives of Enthalpy

Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

a list containing h_SA [(J/kg)/(g/kg)], the derivative of enthalpy wrt Absolute Salinity, and h_CT [(J/kg)/degC], the derivative of enthalpy wrt Conservative Temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_p`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
d <- gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(d$h_SA, c(-0.070223912348929, -0.351159768365102, -0.887025065692568,
-1.829602387915694, -4.423463748270238, -7.405100077558673)))
stopifnot(all.equal(d$h_CT/1e3, c(3.991899705530481, 3.992025640520101, 3.992210365030743,
3.992284150250490, 3.992685389122658, 3.993014168534175)))
```

gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact
First Derivatives of Enthalpy wrt CT

Description

First Derivatives of Enthalpy wrt CT

Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

a list containing h_{SA} [(J/kg)/(g/kg)], the derivative of enthalpy wrt Absolute Salinity, and h_{CT} [(J/kg)/degC], the derivative of enthalpy wrt Conservative Temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

Bugs

The HTML documentation suggests that this function returns 3 values, but there are only 2 returned values in the C code used here (and the matlab code on which that is based). Also, the d/dSA check values given the HTML are not reproduced by the present function. This was reported on Mar 18, 2017 as <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-Matlab/issues/7>. See <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R/issues/34>

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
d <- gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(d$h_SA, c(-0.070224183838619, -0.351159869043798, -0.887036550157504,
                             -1.829626251448858, -4.423522691827955, -7.405211691293971)))
stopifnot(all.equal(d$h_CT/1e3, c(3.991899712269790, 3.992025674159605, 3.992210402650973,
                                 3.992283991748418, 3.992685275917238, 3.993014370250710)))
```

gsw_enthalpy_ice	<i>Ice Specific Enthalpy</i>
------------------	------------------------------

Description

Specific enthalpy of ice [J/kg]. Note that this is a negative quantity.

Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

specific enthalpy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
se <- gsw_enthalpy_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(se/1e5, c(-3.554414597446597, -3.603380857687490, -3.583089884253586,
-3.558998379233944, -3.494811024956881, -3.402784319238127)))
```

`gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives`

Second Derivatives of Enthalpy

Description

Second Derivatives of Enthalpy

Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing h_{SA_SA} [(J/kg)/(g/kg)²], the second derivative of enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity, h_{SA_CT} [(J/kg)/(K*g/kg)], the derivative of enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, and h_{CT_CT} [(J/kg)/degC²], the second derivative of enthalpy with respect to Conservative Temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_SA_SA, c(0.000080922482023, 0.000404963500641, 0.001059800046742,
0.002431088963823, 0.006019611828423, 0.010225411250217)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_SA_CT, c(0.000130004715129, 0.000653614489248, 0.001877220817849,
0.005470392103793, 0.014314756132297, 0.025195603327700)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_CT_CT, c(0.000714303909834, 0.003584401249266, 0.009718730753139,
0.024064471995224, 0.061547884081343, 0.107493969308119)))
```

gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives_CT_exact
Second Derivatives of Enthalpy (exact)

Description

Second Derivatives of Enthalpy (exact)

Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing h_{SA_SA} [(J/kg)/(g/kg)²], the second derivative of enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity, h_{SA_CT} [(J/kg)/(K*g/kg)], the derivative of enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, and h_{CT_CT} [(J/kg)/degC²], the second derivative of enthalpy with respect to Conservative Temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives_CT_exact.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_SA_SA, c(0.000082767011576, 0.000414469343141, 0.001089580017293,
0.002472193425998, 0.006103171596320, 0.010377465312463)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_SA_CT, c(0.000130320164426, 0.000655016236924, 0.001879127443985,
0.005468695168037, 0.014315709000526, 0.025192691262061)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_CT_CT, c(0.000714365642428, 0.003584965089168, 0.009733337653703,
0.024044402143825, 0.061449390733344, 0.107333638394904)))
```

gsw_enthalpy_t_exact *Seawater Specific Enthalpy in terms of in-situ Temperature*

Description

Seawater Specific Enthalpy in terms of in-situ Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

specific enthalpy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_t_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw_CT_from_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_dynamic_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_diff\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_der](#), [gsw_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_potential\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
e <- gsw_enthalpy_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(1.151032604783763, 1.140148036012021, 0.921799209310966,
                           0.432553283808897, 0.330872159700175, 0.269705880448018)))
```

gsw_entropy_first_derivatives

First Derivatives of Entropy

Description

First Derivatives of Entropy

Usage

```
gsw_entropy_first_derivatives(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

a list containing eta_SA [(J/(kg*degC) / (g/kg)], the derivative of entropy wrt Absolute Salinity, and eta_CT [(J/(kg*degC^2)], the derivative of entropy wrt Conservative Temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_first_derivatives.html

See Also

Other things related to entropy: [gsw_CT_from_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_pt\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_t\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_entropy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
d <- gsw_entropy_first_derivatives(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(d$eta_SA, c(-0.263286800711655, -0.263977276574528, -0.255367497912925,
                             -0.238066586439561, -0.234438260606436, -0.232820684341694)))
stopifnot(all.equal(d$eta_CT, c(13.221031210083824, 13.236911191313675, 13.489004628681361,
                             14.086599016583795, 14.257729576432077, 14.386429945649411)))
```

`gsw_entropy_from_pt` *Specific Entropy ito Absolute Salinity and Potential Temperature*

Description

Calculates specific entropy in terms of Absolute Salinity and Potential Temperature.

Usage

```
gsw_entropy_from_pt(SA, pt)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
pt	potential temperature (ITS-90) [degC]

Value

specific entropy [J/(kg*degC)]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_from_pt.html

See Also

Other things related to entropy: [gsw_CT_from_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_t\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_entropy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4210, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
e <- gsw_entropy_from_pt(SA, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e2, c(4.003894674443156, 3.954383994925507, 3.198674385897981,
1.467905482842553, 0.986469100565646, 0.627913567234252)))
```

`gsw_entropy_from_t` *Specific Entropy i.t.o. Absolute Salinity, Temperature, and Pressure*

Description

Calculates specific entropy in terms of Absolute Salinity, in-situ temperature and pressure.

Usage

```
gsw_entropy_from_t(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

specific entropy [J/(kg*K)]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_from_t.html

See Also

Other things related to entropy: [gsw_CT_from_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_pt\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_entropy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
e <- gsw_entropy_from_t(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e2, c(4.003894252787245, 3.954381784340642, 3.198664981986740,
1.467908815899072, 0.986473408657975, 0.627915087346090)))
```

gsw_entropy_ice	<i>Entropy of ice</i>
-----------------	-----------------------

Description

Entropy of ice

Usage

```
gsw_entropy_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

entropy [J/(kg*degC)]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to entropy: [gsw_CT_from_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_pt\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_t\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_entropy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
e <- gsw_entropy_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e3, c(-1.303663820598987, -1.324090218294577, -1.319426394193644,
-1.315402956671801, -1.305426590579231, -1.287021035328113))))
```

gsw_entropy_second_derivatives
Second Derivatives of Entropy

Description

Second Derivatives of Entropy

Usage

```
gsw_entropy_second_derivatives(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

A list containing eta_SA_SA [(J/(K*kg))/(g/kg)^2], the second derivative of entropy with respect to Absolute Salinity, eta_SA_CT [(J/(K*kg))/(K*g/kg)], the derivative of entropy with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, and eta_CT_CT [(J/(K*kg))/K^2], the second derivative of entropy with respect to Conservative Temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_second_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
r <- gsw_entropy_second_derivatives(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$eta_SA_SA, c(-0.007627718929669, -0.007591969960708, -0.007528186784540,
                                  -0.007455177590576, -0.007441108287466, -0.007414368396280)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$eta_SA_CT, c(-0.001833104216751, -0.001819473824306, -0.001580843823414,
                                  -0.000930111408561, -0.000717011215195, -0.000548410546830)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$eta_CT_CT, c(-0.043665023731109, -0.043781336189326, -0.045506114440888,
                                  -0.049708939454018, -0.050938690879443, -0.051875017843472)))
```

gsw_Fdelta

Ratio of Absolute to Preformed Salinity, minus 1

Description

Ratio of Absolute to Preformed Salinity, minus 1

Usage

```
gsw_Fdelta(p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Value

(S/Sstar)-1 [unitless]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Fdelta.html

Examples

```
p <- c(      10,   50,  125,  250,  600, 1000)
latitude <- c(   4,   4,   4,   4,   4,   4)
longitude <- c(188, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188)
r <- gsw_Fdelta(p, longitude, latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(r/1e-3, c(0.006472309923452, 0.010352848168433, 0.025541937543450,
                             0.104348729347986, 0.218678084205081, 0.365415366571266)))
```

gsw_frazil_properties *Properties of Frazil ice*

Description

Calculation of Absolute Salinity, Conservative Temperature, and ice mass fraction based on bulk Absolute Salinity, bulk enthalpy, and pressure

Usage

```
gsw_frazil_properties(SA_bulk, h_bulk, p)
```

Arguments

SA_bulk	Absolute Salinity of a combination of seawater and ice [g/kg]
h_bulk	enthalpy of a mixture of seawater and ice [J/kg]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

a list containing SA_final, h_final and w_Ih_final.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_properties.html

Examples

```
SA_bulk <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
h_bulk <- c( -4.5544e4, -4.6033e4, -4.5830e4, -4.5589e4, -4.4948e4, -4.4027e4)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_frazil_properties(SA_bulk, h_bulk, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(39.111030663000442, 39.407625769681573, 39.595789974885108,
39.481230045372889, 39.591177095552503, 39.826467709177123)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-2.156311126114311, -2.204672298963783, -2.273689262333450,
-2.363714136353600, -2.644541000680772, -2.977651291726651)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$Ih_final, c(0.112480560814322, 0.114600300867556, 0.115421108602301,
0.117372990660305, 0.122617649983886, 0.127906590822347)))
```

`gsw_frazil_properties_potential`

Properties of Frazil ice i.t.o. potential enthalpy

Description

Calculation of Absolute Salinity, Conservative Temperature, and ice mass fraction based on bulk Absolute Salinity, bulk potential enthalpy, and pressure

Usage

```
gsw_frazil_properties_potential(SA_bulk, h_pot_bulk, p)
```

Arguments

SA_bulk	Absolute Salinity of a combination of seawater and ice [g/kg]
h_pot_bulk	potential enthalpy of a mixture of seawater and ice [J/kg]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

a list containing SA_final, h_final and w_Ih_final.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_properties_potential.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw_CT_from_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_dynamic_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_diff\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA_bulk <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
h_pot_bulk <- c(-4.5544e4, -4.6033e4, -4.5830e4, -4.5589e4, -4.4948e4, -4.4027e4)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_frazil_properties_potential(SA_bulk, h_pot_bulk, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(39.098258701462051, 39.343217598625756, 39.434254585716296,
39.159536295126657, 38.820511558004590, 38.542322667924459)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-2.155553336670014, -2.200844802695826, -2.264077329325076,
-2.344567015865174, -2.598559540430464, -2.900814843304696)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_Ih_final, c(0.112190640891586, 0.113150826758543, 0.111797588975174,
0.110122251260246, 0.105199838799201, 0.098850365110330)))
```

gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly

Properties of Frazil ice i.t.o. potential enthalpy (polynomial version)

Description

Calculation of Absolute Salinity, Conservative Temperature, and ice mass fraction based on bulk Absolute Salinity, bulk potential enthalpy, and pressure

Usage

```
gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly(SA_bulk, h_pot_bulk, p)
```

Arguments

SA_bulk	Absolute Salinity of a combination of seawater and ice [g/kg]
h_pot_bulk	potential enthalpy of a mixture of seawater and ice [J/kg]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

a list containing SA_final, h_final and w_Ih_final.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw_CT_from_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_dynamic_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_diff\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_der:](#), [gsw_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_potential\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_p](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA_bulk <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
h_pot_bulk <- c(-4.5544e4, -4.6033e4, -4.5830e4, -4.5589e4, -4.4948e4, -4.4027e4)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly(SA_bulk, h_pot_bulk, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(39.098264696022831, 39.343217436835218, 39.434244243586633,
39.159511498029801, 38.820458704205542, 38.542256756176229)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-2.155537691991377, -2.200841508940901, -2.264094318382661,
-2.344613208230164, -2.598663953454472, -2.900948531145453)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_Ih_final, c(0.112190777010854, 0.113150823111566, 0.111797356032850,
0.110121687760246, 0.105198620534670, 0.098848824039493)))
```

```
gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic
```

Ratios of SA, CT and p changes when Frazil Ice Forms

Description

Ratios of changes in SA, CT and p that occur when frazil ice forms due to changes in pressure upon the mixture of seawater and ice.

Usage

```
gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic(SA, p, w_Ih)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
w_Ih	initial mass fraction (ice) / (water + ice)

Value

a list containing dSA_dCT_frazil, dSA_dP_frazil and dCT_dP_frazil.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
w_Ih <- c( 0.9, 0.84, 0.4, 0.25, 0.05, 0.01)
r <- gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic(SA, p, w_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dSA_dCT_frazil,
  c(3.035152370800401, 1.932548405396193, 0.613212115809003,
    0.516103092738565, 0.436656742034200, 0.425827266533876)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dSA_dP_frazil/1e-6,
  c(-0.197406834470366, -0.133213926580032, -0.045580136143659,
    -0.038806356507548, -0.033541272953744, -0.033350141194082)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dCT_dP_frazil/1e-7,
  c(-0.650401727338347, -0.689317412221414, -0.743301297684333,
    -0.751910946738026, -0.768138213038669, -0.783184728059898)))
```

gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic_poly

Ratios of SA, CT and p changes when Frazil Ice Forms (polynomial form)

Description

Ratios of changes in SA, CT and p that occur when frazil ice forms due to changes in pressure upon the mixture of seawater and ice.

Usage

```
gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic_poly(SA, p, w_Ih)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
w_Ih	initial mass fraction (ice) / (water + ice)

Value

a list containing dSA_dCT_frazil, dSA_dP_frazil and dCT_dP_frazil.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic_poly.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
w_Ih <- c( 0.9, 0.84, 0.4, 0.25, 0.05, 0.01)
r <- gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic_poly(SA, p, w_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dSA_dCT_frazil,
  c(3.035308957896530, 1.932631198810934, 0.613220785586734,
    0.516106221687200, 0.436657158542033, 0.425827675768018)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dSA_dP_frazil/1e-6,
  c(-0.197512213108610, -0.133280971893621, -0.045599951957139,
    -0.038820466574251, -0.033548047632788, -0.033352365425407)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dCT_dP_frazil/1e-7,
  c(-0.650715350062703, -0.689634794137768, -0.743613932027895,
    -0.752179782823459, -0.768292629045686, -0.783236208526200)))
```

gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height

Geostrophic Dynamic Height Anomaly

Description

This calculates a geopotential anomaly, called either the dynamic height anomaly or the geostrophic streamfunction in the TEOS-10 document listed as [1] below; users should read that and the references therein for more details on the definition and its calculation here.

To get the column-integrated value in meters, take the first value of the returned vector and divide by 9.7963m/s^2 . Note that this yields an integral with the top measured pressure (not zero) as an upper limit.

Usage

```
gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height(SA, CT, p, p_ref = 0)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Details

Because of the scheme used in the underlying C code, the pressures must be in order, and must not have any repeats. Also, there must be at least 4 pressure values. Violating any of these three restrictions yields an error.

If p_ref exceeds the largest p value, a vector of zeros is returned, in accordance with the underlying C code.

Note the alteration of the test-value tolerance from a much smaller default. This is required because the test values derive from the GSW-Matlab code, which uses a different interpolation scheme than the GSW-C code, upon which GSW-R relies. See References 2 and 3 for more on this topic.

Value

A vector containing geopotential anomaly in m^2/s^2 for each level. For more on the units, see [2].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

1. http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height.html
2. <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R/issues/47>
3. Barker, Paul M., and Trevor J. McDougall. "Two Interpolation Methods Using Multiply-Rotated Piecewise Cubic Hermite Interpolating Polynomials." *Journal of Atmospheric and Oceanic Technology* 37, no. 4 (April 2020): 605–19.

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
```

```

p_ref <- 500
dh <- gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height(SA, CT, p, p_ref)
# NOTE: see Details for the reason for the coarse tolerance.
stopifnot(all.equal(dh,
  c(12.172172845782585, 9.797739925848624, 6.070940749148281,
    3.042891445395256, -1.078872239804912, -4.656953829254061),
  tolerance=0.02))

```

gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_1

Geostrophic Dynamic Height Anomaly (provisional version)

Description

This calculates a geopotential anomaly, called either the dynamic height anomaly or the geostrophic streamfunction in the TEOS-10 document listed as [1] below.

To get the column-integrated value in meters, take the first value of the returned vector and divide by 9.7963m/s^2 . Note that this yields an integral with the top measured pressure (not zero) as an upper limit.

Usage

```
gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_1(SA, CT, p, p_ref = 0, max_dp = 1, interp_method = 2)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
max_dp	numeric value indicating the maximum tolerated pressure separation between levels. If any pressure step exceeds max_dp, then a uniform grid is constructed with max_dp as the interval.
interp_method	integer specifying interpolation scheme (1 for linear, 2 for pchip)

Details

Because of the scheme used in the underlying C code, the pressures must be in order, and must not have any repeats. Also, there must be at least 4 pressure values. Violating any of these restrictions yields an error.

If p_ref exceeds the largest p value, a vector of zeros is returned, in accordance with the underlying C code.

Value

A vector containing geopotential anomaly in m^2/s^2 for each level. For more on the units, see [2].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

1. http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height.html
2. Talley et al., 2011. Descriptive Physical Oceanography, Edition 6, Elsevier.

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
p_ref <- 1000
dh <- gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_1(SA, CT, p, p_ref, 1, 2)
## FIXME: The following test values fail.
## all.equal(dh, c(17.039204557769487, 14.665853784722286, 10.912861136923812,
## 7.567928838774945, 3.393524055565328, 0))
```

`gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_pc`

Geostrophic Dynamic Height Anomaly (Piecewise-Constant Profile)

Description

Geostrophic Dynamic Height Anomaly (Piecewise-Constant Profile)

Usage

```
gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_pc(SA, CT, delta_p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
delta_p	difference in sea pressure between the deep and shallow limits of layers within which SA and CT are assumed to be constant. Note that delta_p must be positive.

Value

A list containing dyn_height, the dynamic height anomaly [m^2/s^2], and p_mid [dbar], the pressures at the layer centres. Note that the dynamic height anomaly unit, also known as a "dynamic meter", corresponds to approximately 1.02 metres of sealevel height (see e.g. Talley et al., 2011. Descriptive Physical Oceanography, Edition 6. Elsevier).

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
delta_p <- c(10, 40, 75, 125, 350, 400)
r <- gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_pc(SA, CT, delta_p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dyn_height, c(-0.300346215853487, -1.755165998114308, -4.423531083131365,
-6.816659136254657, -9.453175257818430, -12.721009624991439)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$p_mid/1e2, c(0.050000000000000, 0.300000000000000, 0.875000000000000,
1.875000000000000, 4.250000000000000, 8.000000000000000)))
```

gsw_gibbs

*Gibbs Energy of Seawater, and its Derivatives***Description**

Gibbs Energy of Seawater, and its Derivatives

Usage

gsw_gibbs(ns, nt, np, SA, t, p = 0)

Arguments

ns	An integer, the order of the SA derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
nt	An integer, the order of the t derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
np	An integer, the order of the p derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Gibbs energy [J/kg] if ns=nt=np=0. Derivative of energy with respect to SA [J/kg/(g/kg)^ns] if ns is nonzero and nt=np=0, etc. Note that derivatives with respect to pressure are in units with Pa, not dbar.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

Caution

The TEOS-10 webpage for `gsw_gibbs` does not provide test values, so the present R version should be considered untested.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_gibbs.html

Examples

```
library(gsw)
p <- seq(0, 100, 1)
SA <- rep(35, length(p))
t <- rep(-5, length(p))
## Check the derivative wrt pressure. Note the unit change
E <- gsw_gibbs(0, 0, 0, SA, t, p)
# Estimate derivative from linear fit (try plotting: it is very linear)
m <- lm(E ~ p)
print(summary(m))
plot(p, E)
abline(m)
dEdp1 <- coef(m)[2]
# Calculate derivative ... note we multiply by 1e4 to get from 1/Pa to 1/dbar
dEdp2 <- 1e4 * gsw_gibbs(0, 0, 1, SA[1], t[1], p[1])
## Ratio
dEdp1 / dEdp2
```

gsw_gibbs_ice

Gibbs Energy of Ice, and its Derivatives

Description

Gibbs Energy of Ice, and its Derivatives

Usage

```
gsw_gibbs_ice(nt, np, t, p = 0)
```

Arguments

nt	An integer, the order of the t derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
np	An integer, the order of the p derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Gibbs energy [J/kg] if ns=np=0. Derivative of energy with respect to t [J/kg/(degC)^nt] if nt is nonzero, etc. Note that derivatives with respect to pressure are in units with Pa, not dbar.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

Caution

The TEOS-10 webpage for `gsw_gibbs_ice` does not provide test values, so the present R version should be considered untested.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_gibbs_ice.html

Examples

```
library(gsw)
p <- seq(0, 100, 1)
t <- rep(-5, length(p))
## Check the derivative wrt pressure. Note the unit change
E <- gsw_gibbs_ice(0, 0, t, p)
# Estimate derivative from linear fit (try plotting: it is very linear)
m <- lm(E ~ p)
print(summary(m))
plot(p, E)
abline(m)
dEdp1 <- coef(m)[2]
# Calculate derivative ... note we multiply by 1e4 to get from 1/Pa to 1/dbar
dEdp2 <- 1e4 * gsw_gibbs_ice(0, 1, t[1], p[1])
## Ratio
dEdp1 / dEdp2
```

Description

Gravitational Acceleration

Usage

```
gsw_grav(latitude, p = 0)
```

Arguments

latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called <code>lat</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

gravitational acceleration [m/s²]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_grav.html

Examples

```
lat <- c(-90, -60, -30, 0)
grav <- gsw_grav(lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(grav, c(9.832186205884799, 9.819178859991149,
                          9.793249257048750, 9.780327000000000)))
```

gsw_Helmholtz_energy_ice

Helmholtz Energy of Ice

Description

Helmholtz Energy of Ice

Usage

```
gsw_Helmholtz_energy_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Helmholtz energy if ice [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Helmholtz_energy_ice.html

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
e <- gsw_Helmholtz_energy_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e4, c(-1.362572315008330, -1.710375005915343, -1.628083272702224,
                             -1.555573047498573, -1.375469831393882, -1.053585607014677)))
```

gsw_ice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater

Ice Fraction to Cool Seawater to Freezing

Description

Ice Fraction to Cool Seawater to Freezing

Usage

```
gsw_ice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
t_Ih	initial temperature of ice [degC]

Value

a list containing SA_freeze, CT_freeze and w_Ih.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_ice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t_Ih <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
r <- gsw_ice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_freeze, c(25.823952352620722, 26.120495895535438, 27.460572941868072,
30.629978769577168, 31.458222332943784, 32.121170316796444)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_freeze, c(-1.389936216242376, -1.437013334134283, -1.569815847128818,
-1.846419165657020, -2.166786673735941, -2.522730879078756)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_Ih, c(0.256046867272203, 0.251379393389925, 0.215985652155336,
0.121020375537284, 0.094378196687535, 0.075181377710828)))
```

gsw_infunnel

*Determine whether a point is inside the 'funnel' of acceptable values***Description**

This function determines whether a given hydrographic value lies what the TEOS-10 literature calls a "funnel" of values that lead to acceptably accurate computation of specific volume. For more details, consult the TEOS-10 literature, perhaps starting with the materials referred to in the webpage cited in the 'References' section.

Usage

```
gsw_infunnel(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

a logical value indicating whether the given point is inside the funnel of acceptable values.

References

https://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_infunnel.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivati](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
library(gsw)
gsw_infunnel(35, 10, 100) # TRUE
gsw_infunnel(45, 10, 100) # FALSE: too salty
gsw_infunnel(35, -4, 100) # FALSE: below freezing
```

`gsw_internal_energy` *Specific Internal Energy of Seawater (75-term equation)*

Description

Specific Internal Energy of Seawater (75-term equation)

Usage

```
gsw_internal_energy(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

specific internal energy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_internal_energy.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
e <- gsw_internal_energy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(1.148091576956162, 1.134013145527675, 0.909571141498779,
0.408593072177020, 0.273985276460357, 0.175019409258405)))
```

`gsw_internal_energy_ice`*Specific Internal Energy of Ice (75-term equation)*

Description

Specific Internal Energy of Ice (75-term equation)

Usage`gsw_internal_energy_ice(t, p)`**Arguments**

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

specific internal energy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_internal_energy_ice.html

Examples

```
t_Ih <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
e <- gsw_internal_energy_ice(t_Ih, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.556606992432442, -3.609926216929878, -3.597799043634774,
-3.587312078410920, -3.561207060376329, -3.512700418975375)))
```

gsw_IPV_vs_fNsquared_ratio

Ratio of vert. gradient of pot. density to vert grad of locally-referenced pot density

Description

Note that the C library had to be patched to get this working; a new version of the library will address the bug directly.

Usage

```
gsw_IPV_vs_fNsquared_ratio(SA, CT, p, p_ref = 0)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [dbar]

Value

list containing IPV_vs_fNsquared_ratio [unitless] and mid-point pressure p_mid [dbar]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_IPV_vs_fNsquared_ratio.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
p_ref <- 0
r <- gsw_IPV_vs_fNsqared_ratio(SA, CT, p, p_ref)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$IPV_vs_fNsqared_ratio,
  c(0.999742244888022, 0.996939883468178, 0.986141997098021,
    0.931595598713477, 0.861224354872028)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$p_mid, c(30, 87.5, 187.5, 425, 800)))
```

gsw_kappa

*Isentropic Compressibility of Seawater (75-term equation)***Description**

Isentropic Compressibility of Seawater (75-term equation)

Usage

gsw_kappa(SA, CT, p)

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

isentropic compressibility [1/Pa] (not 1/dbar)

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_kappa.html

See Also

Other things related to compressibility: `gsw_kappa_const_t_ice()`, `gsw_kappa_ice()`, `gsw_kappa_t_exact()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
kappa <- gsw_kappa(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(kappa*1e9, c(0.411343648791300, 0.411105416128094, 0.416566236026610,
                                0.435588650838751, 0.438782500588955, 0.439842289994702)))
```

`gsw_kappa_const_t_ice` *Isothermal Compressibility of Ice*

Description

Calculate isothermal compressibility of ice, in 1/Pa.

Usage

```
gsw_kappa_const_t_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

isothermal compressibility of ice [1/Pa] (not 1/dbar)

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_kappa_const_t_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to compressibility: `gsw_kappa()`, `gsw_kappa_ice()`, `gsw_kappa_t_exact()`

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
kappa <- gsw_kappa_const_t_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(kappa*1e9, c(0.115874753261484, 0.115384948953145, 0.115442212717850,
                                0.115452884634531, 0.115454824232421, 0.115619994536961)))
```

gsw_kappa_ice

Isentropic Compressibility of Ice

Description

Calculate isentropic compressibility of ice, in 1/Pa.

Usage

```
gsw_kappa_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

isentropic compressibility of ice [1/Pa] (not 1/dbar)

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_kappa_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to compressibility: `gsw_kappa()`, `gsw_kappa_const_t_ice()`, `gsw_kappa_t_exact()`

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
kappa <- gsw_kappa_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(kappa*1e9, c(0.112495239053936, 0.112070687842183, 0.112119091047584,
                                0.112126504739297, 0.112123513812840, 0.112262589530974)))
```

`gsw_kappa_t_exact` *Isentropic compressibility of seawater (exact)*

Description

Isentropic compressibility of seawater (exact)

Usage

```
gsw_kappa_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

isentropic compressibility [1/Pa] (not 1/dbar)

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_kappa_t_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to compressibility: [gsw_kappa\(\)](#), [gsw_kappa_const_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_kappa_ice\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <-c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
kappa <- gsw_kappa(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(kappa*1e9,
  c(0.411343648791300, 0.411105416128094, 0.416566236026610,
    0.435588650838751, 0.438782500588955, 0.439842289994702)))
```

gsw_latentheat_evap_CT

Latent heat of evaporation

Description

Latent heat of evaporation

Usage

```
gsw_latentheat_evap_CT(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

latent heat of evaporation [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_latentheat_evap_CT.html

See Also

Other things related to latent heat: [gsw_latentheat_evap_t\(\)](#), [gsw_latentheat_melting\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
lh <- gsw_latentheat_evap_CT(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(lh/1e6, c(2.429947107462561, 2.430774073049213, 2.444220372158452,
2.474127109232524, 2.482151446148560, 2.488052297193594)))
```

`gsw_latentheat_evap_t` *Latent heat of evaporation*

Description

Latent heat of evaporation

Usage

```
gsw_latentheat_evap_t(SA, t)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]

Value

latent heat of evaporation [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_latentheat_evap_t.html

See Also

Other things related to latent heat: `gsw_latentheat_evap_CT()`, `gsw_latentheat_melting()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
lh = gsw_latentheat_evap_t(SA, t)
stopifnot(all.equal(lh/1e6, c(2.429882982734836, 2.430730236218543, 2.444217294049004,
                             2.474137411322517, 2.482156276375029, 2.488054617630297)))
```

`gsw_latentheat_melting`

Latent Heat of Melting

Description

Latent Heat of Melting

Usage

```
gsw_latentheat_melting(SA, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

latent heat of freezing [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_latentheat_melting.html

See Also

Other things related to latent heat: [gsw_latentheat_evap_CT\(\)](#), [gsw_latentheat_evap_t\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
lh <- gsw_latentheat_melting(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(lh/1e5, c(3.299496680271213, 3.298613352397986, 3.297125622834541,
                             3.294973895330757, 3.288480445559747, 3.280715862416388)))
```

`gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio`
Calculate $d(SA)/d(CT)$ for Ice Melting in near-freezing Seawater

Description

Calculate $d(SA)/d(CT)$ for Ice Melting in near-freezing Seawater

Usage

```
gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio(SA, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

ratio of change in SA to change in CT [g/kg/degC].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r, c(0.420209509196985, 0.422511693121631, 0.424345503216433,
0.422475836091426, 0.422023427778221, 0.423037622331042)))
```

`gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio_poly`

*Calculate $d(SA)/d(CT)$ for Ice Melting in near-freezing Seawater
(Polynomial version)*

Description

Calculate $d(SA)/d(CT)$ for Ice Melting in near-freezing Seawater (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio_poly(SA, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

ratio of change in SA to change in CT [g/kg/degC].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio_poly.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio_poly(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r, c(0.420209444587263, 0.422511664682796, 0.424345538275708,
0.422475965003649, 0.422023755182266, 0.423038080717229)))
```

`gsw_melting_ice_into_seawater`

Calculate properties related to ice melting in seawater

Description

Calculate properties related to ice melting in seawater

Usage

```
gsw_melting_ice_into_seawater(SA, CT, p, w_Ih, t_Ih)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
w_Ih	initial mass fraction (ice) / (water + ice)
t_Ih	initial temperature of ice [degC]

Value

a list containing SA_final, CT_final and w_Ih_final.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_into_seawater.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 4.7856, 2.4329, 1.8103, 1.2600, 0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
w_Ih <- c( 0.0560, 0.02513, 0.02159, 0.01210, 0.00943, 0.00751)
t_Ih <- c(-4.7856, -4.4329, -3.8103, -4.2600, -3.8863, -3.4036)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_into_seawater(SA, CT, p, w_Ih, t_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(32.767939199999994, 34.014676604999998, 34.269397295999994,
34.425548880000001, 34.409033862000001, 34.471559675999998)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-0.298448911022612, 0.215263001418312, -0.074341719211557,
0.207796293045473, -0.123785388299875, -0.202531182809225)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_Ih_final, rep(0, 6)))
```

`gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio`*Calculate $d(SA)/d(CT)$ for Ice Melting in Seawater*

Description

Calculate $d(SA)/d(CT)$ for Ice Melting in Seawater

Usage

```
gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
t_Ih	initial temperature of ice [degC]

Value

ratio of change in SA to change in CT [g/kg/degC].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 3.7856, 3.4329, 2.8103, 1.2600, 0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t_Ih <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r, c(0.373840909022490, 0.371878514972099, 0.377104664622191,
0.382777696796156, 0.387133845152000, 0.393947316026914)))
```

gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio_poly

Calculate $d(SA)/d(CT)$ for Ice Melting in Seawater (Polynomial version)

Description

Calculate $d(SA)/d(CT)$ for Ice Melting in Seawater (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio_poly(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
t_Ih	initial temperature of ice [degC]

Value

ratio of change in SA to change in CT [g/kg/degC].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio_poly.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 3.7856, 3.4329, 2.8103, 1.2600, 0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t_Ih <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio_poly(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r, c(0.373840908629278, 0.371878512745054, 0.377104658031030,
0.382777681212224, 0.387133812279563, 0.393947267481204)))
```

gsw_melting_seaice_into_seawater

Calculate properties related to seaice melting in seawater

Description

Calculate properties related to seaice melting in seawater

Usage

```
gsw_melting_seaice_into_seawater(SA, CT, p, w_seaice, SA_seaice, t_seaice)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
w_seaice	mass fraction (seaice) / (water + seaice)
SA_seaice	Absolute Salinity of seaice
t_seaice	temperature of seaice

Value

a list containing SA_final and CT_final.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_seaice_into_seawater.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 4.7856, 2.4329, 1.8103, 1.2600, 0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
w_seaice <- c( 0.0560, 0.02513, 0.02159, 0.01210, 0.00943, 0.00751)
SA_seaice <- c( 5, 4.8, 3.5, 2.5, 1, 0.4)
t_seaice <- c(-4.7856, -4.4329, -3.8103, -4.2600, -3.8863, -3.4036)
r <- gsw_melting_seaice_into_seawater(SA, CT, p, w_seaice, SA_seaice, t_seaice)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(33.047939199999995, 34.135300604999998, 34.344962295999999,
34.455798880000003, 34.418463862000003, 34.474563675999995)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-0.018822367305381, 0.345095540241769, 0.020418581143151,
0.242672380976922, -0.111078380121959, -0.197363471215418)))
```

gsw_Nsquared

Calculate Brunt Vaisala Frequency squared

Description

The result is computed based on first-differencing a computed density with respect pressure, and this can yield noisy results with CTD data that have not been smoothed and decimated. It also yields infinite values, for repeated adjacent pressure (e.g. this occurs twice with the ctd dataset provided in the **oce** package).

Usage

```
gsw_Nsquared(SA, CT, p, latitude = 0)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Value

list containing $N2$ [$1/s^2$] and mid-point pressure p_{mid} [dbar]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Nsquared.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
latitude <- 4
r <- gsw_Nsquared(SA, CT, p, latitude=4)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$N2*1e3, c(0.060843209693499, 0.235723066151305, 0.216599928330380,
0.012941204313372, 0.008434782795209)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$p_mid, c(30, 87.5, 187.5, 425, 800)))
```

gsw_O2sol

*Oxygen Solubility in Seawater (GSW variables)***Description**

Computes oxygen concentration for seawater that is equilibrium with vapour-saturated air at standard atmospheric pressure (101.325 kPa, i.e. for sea pressure of 0dbar). The formula, not created by the SCOR/IAPSO Working Group 127 nor approved by the IOC, is stated in the TEOS-10 documentation to be from Benson and Krause (1984), as fitted by Garcia and Gordon (1992, 1993). That formulation is framed in UNESCO-era water properties, so longitude and latitude are needed here, to convert to these quantities from Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature; see also [gsw_O2sol_SP_pt](#), which is formulated in UNESCO terms.

Usage

```
gsw_O2sol(SA, CT, p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Value

Oxygen solubility in micro-moles per kg.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_O2sol.html

See Also

Other things related to oxygen: [gsw_O2sol_SP_pt\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
latitude <- c(4,    4,    4,    4,    4,    4)
longitude <- c(188, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188)
O2sol <- gsw_O2sol(SA,CT,p,longitude,latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(O2sol/100, c(1.949651126384804, 1.958728907684003,
2.148922307892045, 2.738656506758550, 2.955109771828408,
3.133584919106894)))
```

gsw_O2sol_SP_pt

Oxygen Solubility in Seawater (UNESCO variables)

Description

Computes oxygen concentration for seawater that is equilibrium with vapour-saturated air at standard atmospheric pressure (101.325 kPa, i.e. for sea pressure of 0dbar). The formula, not created by the SCOR/IAPSO Working Group 127 nor approved by the IOC, is stated in the TEOS-10 documentation to be from Benson and Krause (1984), as fitted by Garcia and Gordon (1992, 1993). That formulation is framed in UNESCO-era water properties; see [gsw_O2sol](#) for the corresponding computation in GSW variables.

Usage

```
gsw_O2sol_SP_pt(SP, pt)
```

Arguments

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
pt	potential temperature (ITS-90) [degC]

Value

Oxygen solubility in micro-moles per kg.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_02sol_SP_pt.html

See Also

Other things related to oxygen: `gsw_02sol()`

Examples

```
SP <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
O2sol <- gsw_02sol_SP_pt(SP, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(O2sol/100, c(1.946825431692940, 1.956135062814438,
  2.146559360234014, 2.735652832698713, 2.951580761415903,
  3.129598716631408)))
```

`gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice`

Potential Enthalpy of Ice

Description

Potential Enthalpy of Ice

Usage

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice(pt0_ice)
```

Arguments

`pt0_ice` potential temperature of ice (ITS-90) [degC]

Value

potential enthalpy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_po`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_po`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
pt0_ice <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
e <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice(pt0_ice)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.555459449611868, -3.608607069998877, -3.596153890859193,
-3.585123178806596, -3.557490528226009, -3.507198313847837)))
```

`gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly`
Potential Enthalpy of Ice (Polynomial version)

Description

Potential Enthalpy of Ice (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly(pt0_ice)
```

Arguments

`pt0_ice` potential temperature of ice (ITS-90) [degC]

Value

potential enthalpy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_p`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
pt0_ice <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
e <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly(pt0_ice)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.555459482216265, -3.608607100959428, -3.596153924697033,
-3.585123214031169, -3.557490561327994, -3.507198320793373)))
```

`gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing`

Potential Enthalpy of Ice at Freezing Point

Description

Potential Enthalpy of Ice at Freezing Point

Usage

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

potential enthalpy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

Bugs

1. The C source underlying this function lacks an argument, `saturation_fraction`, which is present in the Matlab source, and so that argument is ignored here.
2. The R code does not reproduce the check values stated at http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing.html. Those values are incorporated in the test provided in ‘Examples’, so that test is not performed during build tests. See <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R/issues/27>.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_po`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_po`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
saturation_fraction = 1
e <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
## Not run:
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.373409558967978, -3.374434164002012, -3.376117536928847,
-3.378453698871986, -3.385497832886802, -3.393768587631489)))

## End(Not run)
```

gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives
First Derivatives of Potential Enthalpy

Description

First Derivatives of Potential Enthalpy

Usage

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_SA` [(J/kg)/(g/kg)], the derivative of potential enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity, and `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_p` [unitless], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature. (Note that the second quantity is denoted `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_P` in the documentation for the Matlab function.)

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_SA/1e2,
  c(-1.183484968590718, -1.184125268891200, -1.184619267864844,
    -1.184026131143674, -1.183727706650925, -1.183814873741961)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_p/1e-3,
  c(-0.202880939983260, -0.203087335312542, -0.203473018454630,
    -0.204112435106666, -0.205889571619502, -0.207895691215823)))
```

gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives_poly

First Derivatives of Potential Enthalpy (Polynomial version)

Description

First Derivatives of Potential Enthalpy (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_SA` [(J/kg)/(g/kg)], the derivative of potential enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity, and `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_p` [unitless], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature. (Note that the second quantity is denoted `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_P` in the documentation for the Matlab function.)

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives_poly.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_SA/1e2,
  c(-1.183498006918154, -1.184135169530602, -1.184626138334419,
    -1.184032656542549, -1.183727371435808, -1.183805326863513)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_p/1e-3,
  c(-0.202934280214689, -0.203136950111241, -0.203515960539503,
    -0.204145112153220, -0.205898365024147, -0.207885289186464)))
```

`gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly`

Potential Enthalpy of Ice at Freezing Point (Polynomial version)

Description

Potential Enthalpy of Ice at Freezing Point (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

potential enthalpy [J/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_p`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
saturation_fraction = 1
e <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.373370858777002, -3.374395733068549, -3.376079507278181,
                           -3.378416106344322, -3.385460970578123, -3.393731732645173)))
```

`gsw_pot_rho_t_exact` *Potential density*

Description

Potential density

Usage

```
gsw_pot_rho_t_exact(SA, t, p, p_ref)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [dbar]

Value

potential density [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_rho_t_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
p_ref <- 0
prho <- gsw_pot_rho_t_exact(SA,t,p,p_ref)
stopifnot(all.equal(prho/1e3, c(1.021798145811089, 1.022052484416980, 1.023893583651958,
1.026667621124443, 1.027107230868492, 1.027409631264134)))
```

gsw_pressure_coefficient_ice
Pressure Coefficient for Ice

Description

Pressure Coefficient for Ice

Usage

```
gsw_pressure_coefficient_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

specific internal energy [Pa/degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pressure_coefficient_ice.html

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
pc <- gsw_pressure_coefficient_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pc/1e6, c(1.333098059787838, 1.326359005133730, 1.327354133828322,
1.327793888831923, 1.328549609231685, 1.331416733490227)))
```

`gsw_pressure_freezing_CT`*Pressure at which Seawater Freezes*

Description

Pressure at which Seawater Freezes

Usage`gsw_pressure_freezing_CT(SA, CT, saturation_fraction = 1)`**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
----	---

CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
----	------------------------------------

saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]
---------------------	-------------------------------------

Value

pressure at which freezing will occur [dbar]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pressure_freezing_CT.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(          -1.8996, -1.9407, -2.0062, -2.0923, -2.3593, -2.6771)
saturation_fraction <- c(      1,    0.8,    0.6,    0.5,    0.4,    0)
p <- gsw_pressure_freezing_CT(SA, CT, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(p/1e3, c(0.009890530270710, 0.050376026585933, 0.125933117050624,
                           0.251150973076077, 0.601441775836021, 1.002273338145043)))
```

gsw_pt0_from_t

*Potential temperature referenced to the surface***Description**

Potential temperature referenced to the surface

Usage

```
gsw_pt0_from_t(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

potential temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt0_from_t.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
pt0 <- gsw_pt0_from_t(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt0, c(28.783196819670632, 28.420983342398962, 22.784930399117108,
                          10.230523661095731, 6.829230224409661, 4.324510571845719)))
```

gsw_pt0_from_t_ice *Potential Temperature of Ice Referenced to the Surface*

Description

Potential Temperature of Ice Referenced to the Surface

Usage

```
gsw_pt0_from_t_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

potential temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt0_from_t_ice.html

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
pt0 <- gsw_pt0_from_t_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt0, c(-10.787787898205298, -13.443730926050607, -12.837427056999708,
                          -12.314321615760905, -11.017040858094250, -8.622907355083088)))
```

gsw_pt_first_derivatives

First Derivatives of Potential Temperature

Description

First Derivatives of Potential Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_pt_first_derivatives(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

A list containing pt_SA [K/(g/kg)], the derivative of potential temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity, and pt_CT [unitless], the derivative of potential temperature with respect to Conservative Temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_first_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
r <- gsw_pt_first_derivatives(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_SA, c(0.041863223165431, 0.041452303483011, 0.034682095247246,
0.018711079068408, 0.014079958329844, 0.010577326129948)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_CT, c(0.997192967140242, 0.997451686508335, 0.998357568277750,
0.999996224076267, 1.000283719083268, 1.000525947028218)))
```

gsw_pt_from_CT

*Potential temperature from Conservative Temperature***Description**

Potential temperature from Conservative Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_pt_from_CT(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

potential temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_CT.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
pt <- gsw_pt_from_CT(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(28.783177048624573, 28.420955597191984, 22.784953468087107,
10.230534394434429, 6.829216587061605, 4.324534835990236)))
```

gsw_pt_from_entropy *Potential Temperature from Entropy*

Description

Potential Temperature from Entropy

Usage

```
gsw_pt_from_entropy(SA, entropy)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
entropy	specific entropy [J/(degC*kg)]

Value

potential temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_entropy.html

See Also

Other things related to entropy: [gsw_CT_from_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_pt\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_from_t\(\)](#), [gsw_entropy_ice\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
entropy <- c(400.3892, 395.4378, 319.8668, 146.7910, 98.6471, 62.7919)
pt <- gsw_pt_from_entropy(SA, entropy)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(28.783179828078666, 28.420954825949291, 22.784952736245351,
10.230532066931868, 6.829213325916900, 4.324537782985845)))
```

gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice

Potential Temperature from Potential Enthalpy of Ice

Description

Potential Temperature from Potential Enthalpy of Ice

Usage

```
gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice(pot_enthalpy_ice)
```

Arguments

```
pot_enthalpy_ice
    potential enthalpy of ice [ J/kg ]
```

Value

```
potential temperature [ degC ]
```

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw_CT_from_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_dynamic_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_diff\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_der](#), [gsw_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_potential\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_p](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivati](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pot_enthalpy_ice <- c(-3.5544e5, -3.6033e5, -3.5830e5, -3.5589e5, -3.4948e5, -3.4027e5)
pt <- gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice(pot_enthalpy_ice)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(-10.733087588125384, -13.167397822300588, -12.154205899172704,
                        -10.956202704066083, -7.794963180206421, -3.314905214262531)))
```

`gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly`

Potential Temperature from Potential Enthalpy of Ice (Polynomial version)

Description

Potential Temperature from Potential Enthalpy of Ice (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly(pot_enthalpy_ice)
```

Arguments

`pot_enthalpy_ice`
potential enthalpy of ice [J/kg]

Value

potential temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der:`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_po`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

Examples

```
pot_enthalpy_ice <- c(-3.5544e5, -3.6033e5, -3.5830e5, -3.5589e5, -3.4948e5, -3.4027e5)
pt <- gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly(pot_enthalpy_ice)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(-10.733085986035007, -13.167396204945987, -12.154204137867396,
-10.956201046447006, -7.794963341294590, -3.314907552013722)))
```

`gsw_pt_from_t`

Potential Temperature from in-situ Temperature

Description

Potential Temperature from in-situ Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_pt_from_t(SA, t, p, p_ref = 0)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [dbar]

Value

potential temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_t.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
p_ref <- 0
pt <- gsw_pt_from_t(SA, t, p, p_ref)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(28.783196819670632, 28.420983342398962, 22.784930399117108,
  10.230523661095731, 6.829230224409661, 4.324510571845719)))
```

`gsw_pt_from_t_ice`

Potential Temperature of Ice from in-situ Temperature

Description

Potential Temperature of Ice from in-situ Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_pt_from_t_ice(t, p, p_ref = 0)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [dbar]

Value

potential temperature [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_t_ice.html

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
p_ref <- 0 # not actually needed, since 0 is the default
pt <- gsw_pt_from_t_ice(t, p, p_ref)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(-10.787787898205272, -13.443730926050661, -12.837427056999676,
                          -12.314321615760921, -11.017040858094234, -8.622907355083147)))
```

gsw_pt_second_derivatives

Second Derivatives of Potential Temperature

Description

Second Derivatives of Potential Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_pt_second_derivatives(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

A list containing `pt_SA_SA` [K/(g/kg)²], the second derivative of potential temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant potential temperature, and `pt_SA_pt` [1/(g/kg)], the derivative of potential temperature with respect to Conservative Temperature and Absolute Salinity, and `pt_pt_pt` [1/degC], the second derivative of potential temperature with respect to Conservative Temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_second_derivatives.html

Examples

```

SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
r <- gsw_pt_second_derivatives(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_SA_SA/1e-3,
  c(0.160307058371208, 0.160785497957769, 0.168647220588324,
    0.198377949876584, 0.210181899321236, 0.220018966513329)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_SA_CT,
  c(0.001185581323691, 0.001187068518686, 0.001217629686266,
    0.001333254154015, 0.001379674342678, 0.001418371539325)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_CT_CT/1e-3,
  c(-0.121979811279463, -0.123711264754503, -0.140136818504977,
    -0.140645384127949, -0.113781055410824, -0.082417269009484)))

```

gsw_p_from_z

*Pressure from height (75-term equation)***Description**

Pressure from height (75-term equation)

Usage

```
gsw_p_from_z(z, latitude, geo_strf_dyn_height, sea_surface_geopotential)
```

Arguments

z height, zero at surface (but note last 2 args) and positive upwards [m]

latitude latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called *lat* in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

geo_strf_dyn_height vector of same length as *z* and *latitude*, indicating dynamic height [m^2/s^2]. If not supplied, this defaults to a vector of 0 values, with length matching that of *z*.

sea_surface_geopotential vector of same length as *z* and *latitude*, indicating geopotential at zero sea pressure [m^2/s^2]. If not supplied, this defaults to a vector of 0 values, with length matching that of *z*.

Value

sea pressure [dbar]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

Historical Note

The `geo_strf_dyn_height` and `sea_surface_geopotential` parameters were added in GSW-R version 1.0-6.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_p_from_z.html

See Also

Other things related to depth: [gsw_z_from_p\(\)](#)

Examples

```
z <- -c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
latitude <- 4
p <- gsw_p_from_z(z, latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(p/1e3, c(0.010055726724518, 0.050283543374874, 0.125731858435610,
0.251540299593468, 0.604210012340727, 1.007990337692001)))
```

gsw_rho

In-situ density

Description

In-situ density, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

Usage

```
gsw_rho(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

in-situ density [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
rho <- gsw_rho(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(rho/1e3, c(1.021839935738108, 1.022262457966867, 1.024427195413316,
1.027790152759127, 1.029837779000189, 1.032002453224572))))
```

gsw_rho_alpha_beta	<i>In-situ density, thermal expansion coefficient and haline contraction coefficient (75-term equation)</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Calculate the in-situ density, the expansion coefficient (with respect to Conservative Temperature) and the haline contraction coefficient (with respect to Absolute Salinity), using the 75-term equation.

Usage

```
gsw_rho_alpha_beta(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing in-situ density rho [kg/m³], thermal expansion coefficient alpha [1/degC], and haline contraction coefficient beta [kg/g].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_alpha_beta.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_rho_alpha_beta(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho/1000, c(1.021839935738108, 1.022262457966867, 1.024427195413316,
1.027790152759127, 1.029837779000189, 1.032002453224572)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$alpha*1000, c(0.324638934509245, 0.322655537959731, 0.281145723210171,
0.173199716344780, 0.146289673594824, 0.129414845334599)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$beta*1000, c(0.717483987596135, 0.717647512290095, 0.726211643644768,
0.750500751749777, 0.755052064788492, 0.757050813384370)))
```

gsw_rho_first_derivatives

Density First Derivatives wrt SA, CT and p (75-term equation)

Description

Density First Derivatives wrt SA, CT and p (75-term equation)

Usage

```
gsw_rho_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

list containing drho_dSA [$\text{kg}^2/(\text{g m}^3)$], drho_dCT [$\text{kg}/(\text{K m}^3)$] and drho_dp [$\text{kg}/(\text{Pa m}^3)$]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_first_derivatives.html

See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_rho_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$drho_dSA, c(0.733153791778356, 0.733624109867480, 0.743950957375504,
0.771357282286743, 0.777581141431288, 0.781278296628328)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$drho_dCT, c(-0.331729027977015, -0.329838643311336, -0.288013324730644,
-0.178012962919839, -0.150654632545556, -0.133556437868984)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$drho_dp, 1e-6*c(0.420302360738476, 0.420251070273888, 0.426773054953941,
0.447763615252861, 0.452011501791479, 0.454118117103094)))
```

`gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy`

Density First Derivatives wrt enthalpy (75-term equation)

Description

Density First Derivatives wrt enthalpy (75-term equation)

Usage

```
gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing rho_SA_wrt_h [(kg/m³)/(g/kg)] and rho_h [(kg/m³)/(J/kg)].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_wrt_h,
  c(0.733147960400929, 0.733595114830609, 0.743886977148835,
    0.771275693831993, 0.777414200397148, 0.781030546357425)))
```

```
stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_h*1e4,
  c(-0.831005413475887, -0.826243794873652, -0.721438289309903,
    -0.445892608094272, -0.377326924646647, -0.334475962698187)))
```

gsw_rho_ice

*In-situ density of ice***Description**In-situ density of ice [kg/m³]**Usage**

gsw_rho_ice(t, p)

Arguments

t in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
 p sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Valuein-situ density [kg/m³]**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
rho <- gsw_rho_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(rho, c(918.2879969148962, 918.7043487325120, 918.6962796312690,
                          918.7513732275766, 918.9291139833307, 919.0032237449378)))
```

gsw_rho_second_derivatives

Second Derivatives of Density

Description

Second Derivatives of Density

Usage

```
gsw_rho_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing rho_SA_SA [(kg/m³)/(g/kg)²], the second derivative of density with respect to Absolute Salinity, rho_SA_CT [(g/kg)/(g/kg)/degC], the derivative of density with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, and rho_CT_CT [(kg/m³)/degC²], the second derivative of density with respect to Conservative Temperature.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_second_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)

r <- gsw_rho_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_SA/1e-3, c(0.207364734477357, 0.207415414547223,
0.192903197286004, 0.135809142211237, 0.122627562106076,
0.114042431905783)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_CT, c(-0.001832856561477, -0.001837354806146,
-0.001988065808078, -0.002560181494807, -0.002708939446458,
-0.002798484050141)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_CT_CT, c(-0.007241243828334, -0.007267807914635,
-0.007964270843331, -0.010008164822017, -0.010572200761984,
-0.010939294762200)))

all.equal(r$rho_SA_p, 1e-9*c(-0.617330965378778, -0.618403843947729,
-0.655302447133274, -0.764800777480716, -0.792168044875350,
-0.810125648949170))

all.equal(r$rho_CT_p, 1e-8*c(-0.116597992537549, -0.117744271236102,
-0.141712549466964, -0.214414626736539, -0.237704139801551,
-0.255296606034074))
```

gsw_rho_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy

Second Derivatives of Density wrt Enthalpy

Description

Second Derivatives of Density wrt Enthalpy

Usage

```
gsw_rho_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing rho_SA_SA [(kg/m³)/(g/kg)²], the second derivative of density with respect to Absolute Salinity, rho_SA_h [(g/kg)/(g/kg)/(J/kg)], the derivative of density with respect to Absolute Salinity and enthalpy, and rho_h_h [(kg/m³)/(J/kg)²], the second derivative of density with respect to enthalpy.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_rho_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_SA/1e-3, c(0.207325714908677, 0.207131960039965,
0.192001360206293, 0.133399974356615, 0.116504845152129,
0.103433221305694)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_h/1e-6, c(-0.459053080088382, -0.460370569872258,
-0.498605615416296, -0.642833108550133, -0.682091962941161,
-0.706793055445909)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_h_h/1e-9, c(-0.454213854637790, -0.455984900239309,
-0.499870030989387, -0.628337767293403, -0.664021595759308,
-0.687367088752173)))
```

gsw_rho_t_exact	<i>In-situ Density of Seawater</i>
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Description

In-situ Density of Seawater

Usage

```
gsw_rho_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

in-situ density [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_t_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
rho <- gsw_rho_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(rho/1e3, c(1.021840173185531, 1.022262689926782, 1.024427715941676,
1.027790201811623, 1.029837714725961, 1.032002404116447))))
```

gsw_SAAR

*Absolute Salinity Anomaly Ratio***Description**

Absolute Salinity Anomaly Ratio

Usage

```
gsw_SAAR(p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Value

a list containing SAAR, which is the (unitless) Absolute Salinity Anomaly Ratio, and in_ocean is set to 1 if SAAR is nonzero, or to 0 otherwise.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

Bugs

The definition of `in_ocean` is incorrect, because the C function named `gsw_saar`, which is called by the present R function, does not calculate `in_ocean`, as the base Matlab function named `gsw_SAAR` does. However, examination of the Matlab code shows that `in_ocean` is set to 0 along with SAAR, whenever the original estimate of the latter is nonfinite. Thus, points that would be signalled as being on the land by the Matlab code are indicated in the same way with the present R function. However, other points may also be indicated as being on land, if SAAR is simply zero in the first calculation. Whether this poses a problem in practice is an open question, since it seems likely that this function would only be called with oceanic locations, anyway. If problems arise for users, a patch can be written to improve things.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SAAR.html

Examples

```
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
longitude <- c(188, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188)
latitude <- c(4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4)
SAAR <- gsw_SAAR(p, longitude, latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(1e3*SAAR$SAAR, c(0.004794295602143, 0.007668755837570, 0.018919828449091,
                                0.077293264028981, 0.161974583039298, 0.270652408428964)))
stopifnot(all.equal(SAAR$in_ocean, rep(1, 6)))
```

`gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT`

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing Conservative Temperature

Description

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing Conservative Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT(CT, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

<code>CT</code>	Conservative Temperature [degC].
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>saturation_fraction</code>	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

Absolute Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT.html

Examples

```
CT <- c(-0.11901, -0.15608, -0.72138, -1.97738, -2.31728, -2.56764)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
SA <- gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT(CT, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(2.280500648179144, 2.416867651098550, 11.973503162175106,
                        32.868973869711390, 34.017513292374431, 32.859871943514150)))
```

`gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT_poly`

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing Point (Polynomial version)

Description

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing Point (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT_poly(CT, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

Absolute Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT_poly.html

Examples

```
CT <- c(-0.11901, -0.15608, -0.72138, -1.97738, -2.31728, -2.56764)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
SA <- gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT_poly(CT, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(2.281810267792954, 2.418134292641376, 11.971996354752958,
                        32.867931280363138, 34.015087798162732, 32.856434894818825)))
```

`gsw_SA_freezing_from_t`

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing in-situ Temperature

Description

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing in-situ Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_SA_freezing_from_t(t, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>saturation_fraction</code>	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

Absolute Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_freezing_from_t.html

Examples

```
t <- c(-0.11901, -0.15608, -0.72138, -1.97738, -2.31728, -2.56764)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
SA <- gsw_SA_freezing_from_t(t, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(2.015798440008186, 2.150742019102164, 11.679080083422074,
32.844196564019278, 34.138949682974413, 33.100945437175568)))
```

`gsw_SA_freezing_from_t_poly`

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing in-situ Temperature (Polynomial version)

Description

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing in-situ Temperature (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_SA_freezing_from_t_poly(t, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>saturation_fraction</code>	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

Absolute Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_freezing_from_t_poly.html

Examples

```
t <- c(-0.11901, -0.15608, -0.72138, -1.97738, -2.31728, -2.56764)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
SA <- gsw_SA_freezing_from_t_poly(t, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(2.017072489768256, 2.151989342038462, 11.677649626115608,
                        32.843128114999026, 34.136459306273451, 33.097427522625182)))
```

gsw_SA_from_rho

Compute Absolute Salinity from Density, etc

Description

Compute Absolute Salinity from Density, etc

Usage

```
gsw_SA_from_rho(rho, CT, p)
```

Arguments

rho	seawater density [kg/m ³]
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Absolute Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_from_rho.html

See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

Examples

```
rho <- c(1021.8482, 1022.2647, 1024.4207, 1027.7841, 1029.8287, 1031.9916)
CT <-c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
SA <- gsw_SA_from_rho(rho, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(34.712080120418108, 34.891723808488869, 35.026202257609505,
34.847160842234572, 34.736398269039945, 34.732228881079742)))
```

`gsw_SA_from_SP`

Convert from Practical Salinity to Absolute Salinity

Description

Calculate Absolute Salinity from Practical Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

Usage

```
gsw_SA_from_SP(SP, p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Details

If SP is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

Value

Absolute Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_from_SP.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SK\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SR_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SP <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
lat <- c(  4,    4,    4,    4,    4,    4)
long <- c( 188,  188,  188,  188,  188,  188)
SA <- gsw_SA_from_SP(SP, p, long, lat)
```

```
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(34.711778344814114, 34.891522618230098, 35.025544862476920,
34.847229026189588, 34.736628474576051, 34.732363065590846)))
```

`gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic` *Convert from Practical Salinity to Absolute Salinity (Baltic)*

Description

Calculate Absolute Salinity from Practical Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

Usage

```
gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic(SP, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

<code>SP</code>	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
<code>longitude</code>	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called <code>long</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
<code>latitude</code>	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called <code>lat</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Details

If `SP` is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of `longitude` and `latitude`, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with `expand.grid`.

Value

Absolute Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SK\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SR_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SP <- c( 6.5683, 6.6719, 6.8108, 7.2629, 7.4825, 10.2796)
lon <- c( 20,    20,    20,    20,    20,    20)
lat <- c( 59,    59,    59,    59,    59,    59)
SA <- gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic(SP, lon, lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(6.669945432342856, 6.773776430742856, 6.912986138057142,
                        7.366094191885713, 7.586183837142856, 10.389520570971428)))
```

gsw_SA_from_Sstar	<i>Absolute Salinity from Preformed Salinity</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Calculate Absolute Salinity from Preformed Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

Usage

```
gsw_SA_from_Sstar(Sstar, p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

Sstar	Preformed Salinity [g/kg]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Details

If Sstar is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

Value

Absolute Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_from_Sstar.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SK\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SR_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Examples

```
Sstar <- c(34.7115, 34.8912, 35.0247, 34.8436, 34.7291, 34.7197)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
lat <- c(  4,    4,    4,    4,    4,    4)
long <- c( 188,  188,  188,  188,  188,  188)
SA <- gsw_SA_from_Sstar(Sstar, p, long, lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(34.711724663585905, 34.891561223296009, 35.025594598699882,
                        34.847235885385913, 34.736694493054166, 34.732387111902753)))
```

`gsw_seaice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater`

Sea ice Fraction to Cool Seawater to Freezing

Description

Sea ice Fraction to Cool Seawater to Freezing

Usage

```
gsw_seaice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater(SA, CT, p, SA_seaice, t_seaice)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
SA_seaice	Absolute Salinity of sea ice [g/kg]
t_seaice	initial temperature of sea ice [degC]

Value

a list containing SA_freeze, CT_freeze and w_Ih.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_seaice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater.html

Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( -1.7856, -1.4329, -1.8103, -1.2600, -0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
SA_seaice <- c( 5, 4.8, 3.5, 2.5, 1, 0.4)
t_seaice <- c(-5.7856, -4.4329, -3.8103, -4.2600, -3.8863, -3.4036)
r <- gsw_seaice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater(SA, CT, p, SA_seaice, t_seaice)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_freeze, c(34.671271207148074, 34.703449677481224, 34.950192062047861,
34.525277379661880, 34.077349518029997, 33.501836583274191)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_freeze, c(-1.895419711000293, -1.927935638317893, -1.999943183939312,
-2.071677444370745, -2.318866154643864, -2.603185031462614)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_seaice, c(0.001364063868629, 0.006249283768465, 0.002391958850970,
0.009952101583387, 0.019541106156815, 0.035842627277027)))
```

gsw_sigma0	<i>Potential density anomaly referenced to 0 dbar</i>
------------	---

Description

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 0 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m³.

Usage

```
gsw_sigma0(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

potential density anomaly [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma0.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma0 <- gsw_sigma0(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma0, c(21.797900819337656, 22.052215404397316, 23.892985307893923,
26.667608665972011, 27.107380455119710, 27.409748977090885)))
```

gsw_sigma1

*Potential density anomaly referenced to 1000 dbar***Description**

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 1000 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m³.

Usage

```
gsw_sigma1(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

potential density anomaly [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma1.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma1 <- gsw_sigma1(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma1, c(25.955618850310202, 26.213131422420247, 28.125423775188438,
                             31.120360038882382, 31.637724222733368, 32.002453224572037)))
```

gsw_sigma2

Potential density anomaly referenced to 2000 dbar

Description

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 2000 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m³.

Usage

```
gsw_sigma2(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

potential density anomaly [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma2.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma2 <- gsw_sigma2(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma2, c(30.023152223799116, 30.283783336283477, 32.265556840289719,
35.474550881051073, 36.067289438047737, 36.492606494879510)))
```

gsw_sigma3

Potential density anomaly referenced to 3000 dbar

Description

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 3000 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m³.

Usage

```
gsw_sigma3(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

potential density anomaly with reference pressure 3000 dbar [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma3.html

See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma3 <- gsw_sigma3(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma3, c(34.003747849903675, 34.267409891564057, 36.316415829697917,
39.732367693977039, 40.397934186745033, 40.881795690566832)))
```

`gsw_sigma4`

Potential density anomaly referenced to 4000 dbar

Description

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 4000 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m³.

Usage

```
gsw_sigma4(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

potential density anomaly with reference pressure 4000 dbar [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma4.html

See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma4 <- gsw_sigma4(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma4, c(37.900374609834898, 38.166979617032439, 40.280876075282549,
43.896091033421953, 44.631677245327637, 45.171817312020039)))
```

gsw_sound_speed	<i>Sound speed</i>
-----------------	--------------------

Description

Speed of sound in seawater, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

Usage

```
gsw_sound_speed(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

sound speed [m/s]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sound_speed.html

See Also

Other things related to sound: [gsw_sound_speed_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_sound_speed_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
speed <- gsw_sound_speed(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(speed/1e3, c(1.542426412426373, 1.542558891663385, 1.530801535436184,
1.494551099295314, 1.487622786765276, 1.484271672296205)))
```

`gsw_sound_speed_ice` *Sound speed in ice*

Description

Speed of sound in ice.

Usage

```
gsw_sound_speed_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

sound speed [m/s]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sound_speed_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to sound: [gsw_sound_speed\(\)](#), [gsw_sound_speed_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
speed <- gsw_sound_speed_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(speed/1e3, c(3.111311360346254, 3.116492565497544, 3.115833462003452,
                                3.115637032488204, 3.115377253092692, 3.113321384499191)))
```

gsw_sound_speed_t_exact

Sound Speed in Seawater

Description

Sound Speed in Seawater

Usage

```
gsw_sound_speed_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

sound speed [m/s]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sound_speed_t_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to sound: [gsw_sound_speed\(\)](#), [gsw_sound_speed_ice\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
sound_speed <- gsw_sound_speed_t_exact(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(sound_speed/1e3, c(1.542615803587414, 1.542703534065789, 1.530844979136360,
1.494409996920661, 1.487377102518027, 1.483934609078705)))
```

gsw_specvol

Specific Volume of Seawater

Description

Specific Volume of Seawater

Usage

```
gsw_specvol(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Specific volume (1/density)

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
specvol <- gsw_specvol(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(specvol*1e3,
  c(0.978626852431313, 0.978222365701325, 0.976155264597929,
    0.972961258011157, 0.971026719344908, 0.968989944622149)))
```

`gsw_specvol_alpha_beta`

Specific Volume, alpha, and beta

Description

Specific Volume, alpha, and beta

Usage

```
gsw_specvol_alpha_beta(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

a list holding `specvol`, the specific volume [m³/kg], `alpha`, the thermal expansion coefficient [1/degC], and `beta`, the haline contraction coefficient [kg/g].

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_alpha_beta.html

See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_specvol_alpha_beta(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol/1e-3, c(0.978626852431313, 0.978222365701325, 0.976155264597929,
0.972961258011157, 0.971026719344908, 0.968989944622149)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$alpha/1e-3, c(0.324638934509245, 0.322655537959731, 0.281145723210171,
0.173199716344780, 0.146289673594824, 0.129414845334599)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$beta/1e-3, c(0.717483987596135, 0.717647512290095, 0.726211643644768,
0.750500751749777, 0.755052064788492, 0.757050813384370)))
```

`gsw_specvol_anom_standard`

Specific volume anomaly [standard] (75-term equation)

Description

Note that the TEOS function named `specific_volume_anomaly` is not provided in the C library, so it is not provided in R, either.

Usage

```
gsw_specvol_anom_standard(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Specific volume anomaly [m³/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_anom_standard.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_t_exact\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
a <- gsw_specvol_anom_standard(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(a*1e5, c(0.601051894897400, 0.578609769250563, 0.405600538950092,
0.142190453761838, 0.104335535578967, 0.076383389577725)))
```

 gsw_specvol_first_derivatives

First Derivatives of Specific Volume

Description

First Derivatives of Specific Volume

Usage

```
gsw_specvol_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing v_{SA} [(m³/kg)/(g/kg)], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity, v_{CT} [(m³/kg)/degC], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Conservative Temperature, and v_p [(m³/kg)/dbar], the derivative of specific volume with respect to pressure. (Note that the last quantity is denoted v_P in the documentation for the Matlab function.)

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_first_derivatives.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw_CT_from_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_dynamic_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_diff\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_first_der](#), [gsw_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_enthalpy_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_potential\(\)](#), [gsw_frazil_properties_p](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po](#), [gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_specvol_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_SA/1e-6,
  c(-0.702149096451073, -0.702018847212088, -0.708895319156155,
    -0.730208155560782, -0.733175729406169, -0.733574625737474)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_CT/1e-6,
  c(0.317700378655437, 0.315628863649601, 0.274441877830800,
    0.168516613901993, 0.142051181824820, 0.125401683814057)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_p/1e-12,
  c(-0.402527990904794, -0.402146232553089, -0.406663124765787,
    -0.423877042622481, -0.426198431093548, -0.426390351853055)))
```

`gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy`

First Derivatives of Specific Volume wrt Enthalpy

Description

First Derivatives of Specific Volume wrt Enthalpy

Usage

```
gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing `v_SA_wrt_h` [(m³/kg)/(g/kg)] and `v_h`.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy.html

See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_po`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_SA_wrt_h/1e-6,
  c(-0.702143511679586, -0.701991101310494, -0.708834353735310,
    -0.730130919555592, -0.733018321892082, -0.733342002723321)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_h/1e-10,
  c(0.795862623587769, 0.790648383268264, 0.687443468257647,
    0.422105846942233, 0.355778874334799, 0.314053366403993)))
```

`gsw_specvol_ice`

Specific Volume of Ice

Description

Specific Volume of Ice

Usage

```
gsw_specvol_ice(t, p)
```

Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Specific volume [m³/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_ice.html

See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
v <- gsw_specvol_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(v, c(0.001088982980677, 0.001088489459509, 0.001088499019939,
0.001088433747301, 0.001088223220685, 0.001088135464776)))
```

gsw_specvol_second_derivatives

Second Derivatives of Specific Volume

Description

Second Derivatives of Specific Volume

Usage

```
gsw_specvol_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing specvol_SA_SA [(m³/kg)/(g/kg)²], the second derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity, specvol_SA_CT [(m³/kg)/(g/kg)/degC], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, specvol_CT_CT [(m³/kg)/degC²], the second derivative of specific volume with respect to Conservative Temperature, specvol_SA_p [(m³/kg)/(g/kg)/Pa], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity and pressure, and specvol_CT_p [(m³/kg)/K/dbar], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Conservative Temperature and pressure.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_second_derivatives.html

Examples

```

SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)

r <- gsw_specvol_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_SA/1e-8, c(0.080906777599140,
      0.080915086639384, 0.084568844270812, 0.096725108896007,
      0.099111765836648, 0.100302277946072)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_CT/1e-8, c(0.129965332117084,
      0.130523053162130, 0.149555815430615, 0.217023290441810,
      0.233892039070486, 0.243659989480325)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_CT_CT/1e-7, c(0.071409582006642,
      0.071582962051991, 0.077436153664104, 0.095329736274850,
      0.100105336953738, 0.103044572835472)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_p/1e-14, c(0.116889015000936,
      0.116897424150385, 0.121500614193893, 0.136008673596132,
      0.139023051292893, 0.140581903529772)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_CT_p/1e-14, c(0.085542828707964,
      0.086723632576213, 0.112156562396990, 0.188269893599500,
      0.211615556759369, 0.228609575049911)))

```

gsw_specvol_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy
Second Derivatives of Specific Volume wrt Enthalpy

Description

Second Derivatives of Specific Volume wrt Enthalpy

Usage

```
gsw_specvol_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

A list containing `specvol_SA_SA` [$(\text{m}^3/\text{kg})/(\text{g}/\text{kg})^2$], the second derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity, `specvol_SA_h` [$(\text{m}^3/\text{kg})/(\text{g}/\text{kg})/(\text{J}/\text{kg})$], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity and enthalpy, and `specvol_h_h` [$(\text{m}^3/\text{kg})/(\text{J}/\text{kg})^2$], the second derivative of specific volume with respect to enthalpy.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)

r <- gsw_specvol_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_SA/1e-8, c(0.080898741086877,
      0.080931595349498, 0.084648485333225, 0.096952812049233,
      0.099684475381589, 0.101288447077547)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_h/1e-12, c(0.325437133570796,
      0.327060462851431, 0.375273569184178, 0.545188833073084,
      0.589424881889351, 0.616101548209175)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_h_h/1e-15, c(0.447949998681476, 0.449121446914278,
      0.485998151346315, 0.598480711660961, 0.628708349875318,
      0.647433212216398)))
```

`gsw_specvol_t_exact` *Specific Volume of Seawater*

Description

Specific Volume of Seawater

Usage

```
gsw_specvol_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Specific volume [m³/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_t_exact.html

See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw_CT_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_CT_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_on_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_beta_const_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw_pot_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_rho\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_ice\(\)](#), [gsw_rho_t_exact\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_alpha_beta\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_anom_standard\(\)](#), [gsw_specvol_ice\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
v <- gsw_specvol_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(v*1e3, c(0.978626625025472, 0.978222143734527, 0.976154768597586,
                             0.972961211575438, 0.971026779948624, 0.968989990731808)))
```

`gsw_spiciness0` *Seawater Spiciness at p=0 dbar*

Description

Calculate seawater spiciness referenced to 0 dbar (i.e. the surface).

Usage

```
gsw_spiciness0(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

spiciness [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_spiciness0.html

See Also

Other things related to spiciness: [gsw_spiciness1\(\)](#), [gsw_spiciness2\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
spiciness <- gsw_spiciness0(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(spiciness, c(5.728998558542941, 5.749940496782486, 4.163547112671111,
1.069362556641764, 0.426428274444305, 0.089725188494086)))
```

gsw_spiciness1

Seawater Spiciness at p=1000 dbar

Description

Calculate seawater spiciness referenced to 1000 dbar.

Usage

```
gsw_spiciness1(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

spiciness [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_spiciness1.html

See Also

Other things related to spiciness: [gsw_spiciness0\(\)](#), [gsw_spiciness2\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
spiciness <- gsw_spiciness1(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(spiciness, c(6.311038322123224, 6.326411175472160, 4.667218659743284,
1.351722468726905, 0.628494082166029, 0.224779784908478)))
```

gsw_spiciness2

Seawater Spiciness at p=2000 dbar

Description

Calculate seawater spiciness referenced to 2000 dbar.

Usage

```
gsw_spiciness2(SA, CT)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].

Value

spiciness [kg/m³]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_spiciness2.html

See Also

Other things related to spiciness: [gsw_spiciness0\(\)](#), [gsw_spiciness1\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
spiciness <- gsw_spiciness2(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(spiciness, c(6.874671751873180, 6.884616399155135, 5.154458892387083,
1.624327800598636, 0.823490797424952, 0.355069307641827)))
```

gsw_SP_from_C

*Convert from Electrical Conductivity to Practical Salinity***Description**

Convert from Electrical Conductivity to Practical Salinity

Usage

```
gsw_SP_from_C(C, t, p)
```

Arguments

C	conductivity [mS/cm]
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_C.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SK\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SR_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Other things related to conductivity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#)

Examples

```
C <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
SP <- gsw_SP_from_C(C,t,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(20.009869599086951, 20.265511864874270, 22.981513062527689,
                        31.204503263727982, 34.032315787432829, 36.400308494388170)))
```

gsw_SP_from_SA	<i>Convert from Absolute Salinity to Practical Salinity</i>
----------------	---

Description

Calculate Practical Salinity from Absolute Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

Usage

```
gsw_SP_from_SA(SA, p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Details

If SP is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

Note: unlike the corresponding Matlab function, this does not return a flag indicating whether the location is in the ocean.

Value

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_SA.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: `gsw_C_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic()`, `gsw_SA_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SP_from_C()`, `gsw_SP_from_SK()`, `gsw_SP_from_SR()`, `gsw_SP_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SR_from_SP()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SA()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SP()`, `gsw_deltaSA_from_SP()`

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
lat <- c(  4,   4,   4,   4,   4,   4)
long <- c( 188,  188,  188,  188,  188,  188)
SP <- gsw_SP_from_SA(SA,p,long,lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(34.548721553448317, 34.727477488096639, 34.860554877708005,
                        34.680971112271791, 34.567971663653388, 34.560036751118204)))
```

`gsw_SP_from_SK`

Calculate Practical Salinity from Knudsen Salinity

Description

Calculate Practical Salinity from Knudsen Salinity

Usage

`gsw_SP_from_SK(SK)`

Arguments

SK Knudsen Salinity [parts per thousand, ppt]

Value

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_SK.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SR_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SK <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
SP <- gsw_SP_from_SK(SK)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(34.548342096952908, 34.727295637119113, 34.860409847645435,
                        34.680755706371187, 34.567658670360110, 34.559651800554022)))
```

gsw_SP_from_SR *Calculate Practical Salinity from Reference Salinity*

Description

Calculate Practical Salinity from Reference Salinity

Usage

```
gsw_SP_from_SR(SR)
```

Arguments

SR Reference Salinity [g/kg]

Value

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_SR.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: `gsw_C_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic()`, `gsw_SA_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SP_from_C()`, `gsw_SP_from_SA()`, `gsw_SP_from_SK()`, `gsw_SP_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SR_from_SP()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SA()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SP()`, `gsw_deltaSA_from_SP()`

Examples

```
SR <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
SP <- gsw_SP_from_SR(SR)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(34.386552667080714, 34.564513505458834, 34.696889296869848,
34.518231743800094, 34.405762086435850, 34.397799632817147)))
```

`gsw_SP_from_Sstar` *Practical Salinity from Preformed Salinity*

Description

Practical Salinity from Preformed Salinity

Usage

```
gsw_SP_from_Sstar(Sstar, p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

<code>Sstar</code>	Preformed Salinity [g/kg]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>longitude</code>	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called <code>long</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
<code>latitude</code>	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called <code>lat</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Value

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_Sstar.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SK\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SR_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Examples

```
Sstar <- c(34.7115, 34.8912, 35.0247, 34.8436, 34.7291, 34.7197)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
longitude <- 188
latitude <- 4
SP <- gsw_SP_from_Sstar(Sstar, p, longitude, latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(34.548646570969929, 34.727538423586189, 34.860549501859502,
                          34.681006826476434, 34.568065697992346, 34.560023926979518)))
```

`gsw_SP_salinometer` *Practical Salinity from Salinometer Reading*

Description

Calculate Practical Salinity from salinometer readings of conductivity ratio and bath temperature.

Usage

```
gsw_SP_salinometer(ratio, temperature)
```

Arguments

ratio Conductivity ratio [unitless]. (This is called *Rt* in the GSW documentation.)
 temperature Bath temperature [degC]. (This is called *t* in the GSW documentation.)

Value

Practical salinity on the PSS-77 scale [unitless]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_salinometer.html

Examples

```
ratio <- c( 0.9345, 0.95123, 0.91807, 0.8886, 0.8169, 0.6687)
temperature <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
SP <- gsw_SP_salinometer(ratio, temperature)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP,
  c(32.431728787558541, 33.085035719966307, 31.800791917322833,
    30.692490757036179, 27.979281308696116, 22.474597460508491)))
```

gsw_SR_from_SP

Calculate Reference Salinity from Practical Salinity

Description

Calculate Reference Salinity from Practical Salinity

Usage

```
gsw_SR_from_SP(SP)
```

Arguments

SP Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.

Value

Reference Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SR_from_SP.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SK\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SP <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
SR <- gsw_SR_from_SP(SP)
stopifnot(all.equal(SR, c(34.711611927085727, 34.891255045714303, 35.024882197714305,
                        34.844535778285724, 34.731002934857159, 34.722965211428587)))
```

`gsw_Sstar_from_SA` *Convert from Absolute Salinity to Preformed Salinity*

Description

Calculate Preformed Salinity from Absolute Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

Usage

```
gsw_Sstar_from_SA(SA, p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Details

If SA is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

Value

Preformed Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Sstar_from_SA.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SK\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SR_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
lat <- c(  4,    4,    4,    4,    4,    4)
long <- c( 188,   188,   188,   188,   188,   188)
Sstar <- gsw_Sstar_from_SA(SA,p,long,lat)
```

```
stopifnot(all.equal(Sstar, c(34.711575335926490, 34.891138777337822, 35.024705401162166,
34.843564118358302, 34.729005527604883, 34.719712883389462)))
```

gsw_Sstar_from_SP *Convert from Practical Salinity to Preformed Salinity*

Description

Calculate Preformed Salinity from Practical Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

Usage

```
gsw_Sstar_from_SP(SP, p, longitude, latitude)
```

Arguments

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [unitless]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

Details

If SP is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

Value

Preformed Salinity [g/kg]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Sstar_from_SP.html

See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw_C_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw_SA_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_C\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SK\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_SR\(\)](#), [gsw_SP_from_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw_SR_from_SP\(\)](#), [gsw_Sstar_from_SA\(\)](#), [gsw_deltaSA_from_SP\(\)](#)

Examples

```
SP <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
lat <- c(  4,   4,   4,   4,   4,   4)
long <- c( 188, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188)
Sstar <- gsw_Sstar_from_SP(SP,p,long,lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(Sstar, c(34.711553680880769, 34.891161395333754, 35.024650265047370,
                           34.843593141519356, 34.729033995955525, 34.719675962471783)))
```

`gsw_thermobaric` *Thermobaric coefficient (75-term equation)*

Description

Thermobaric coefficient (75-term equation)

Usage

```
gsw_thermobaric(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

thermobaric coefficient wrt Conservative Temperature [1/(K Pa)]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_thermobaric.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)

tb <- gsw_thermobaric(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(tb*1e11,
  c(0.141342632944971, 0.142352284525832, 0.163216280125501,
    0.226030772122855, 0.246185239871747, 0.261474794884197)))
```

`gsw_Turner_Rsubrho` *Turner Angle and Density Ratio*

Description

This uses the 75-term density equation. The values of Turner Angle Tu and density ratio $Rrho$ are calculated at mid-point pressures, p_{mid} .

Usage

```
gsw_Turner_Rsubrho(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

List containing Tu [degrees], Rsubrho [unitless], and p_mid [dbar]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Turner_Rsubrho.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_Turner_Rsubrho(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$Tu, c(-2.063858905281147, 41.758435216784427, 47.606966981687535,
53.710351151706369, 45.527063858211527)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$Rsubrho, 100*c(-0.009304335069039, -0.176564834348709, 0.219627771740757,
0.065271424662002, 1.087044054679743)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$p_mid, 100*c(0.300, 0.875, 1.875, 4.250, 8.000)))
```

gsw_t_deriv_chem_potential_water_t_exact

Derivative of Chemical Potential of Water in Seawater wrt Temperature

Description

Derivative of Chemical Potential of Water in Seawater wrt Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_t_deriv_chem_potential_water_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

derivative [J/(g*degC)]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_deriv_chem_potential_water_t_exact.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
d <- gsw_t_deriv_chem_potential_water_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(d, c(-0.428798278908442, -0.423860344327343, -0.345277821010421,
                        -0.164446485487145, -0.114228046736087, -0.076990819658255)))
```

gsw_t_freezing

Freezing Temperature of Seawater

Description

This uses the C function named `gsw_t_freezing_exact`, because the C function named `gsw_t_freezing` does not produce check values that match the Matlab function called `gsw_t_freezing` (see references for those test values).

Usage

```
gsw_t_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

in-situ freezing temperature (ITS-90) [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_freezing.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
tf <- gsw_t_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(tf, c(-1.902730710149803, -1.942908619287183, -2.006861069199743,
                        -2.090985086875259, -2.351293130342102, -2.660498762776720)))
```

gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives

Derivatives of Freezing Water Properties

Description

Derivatives of Freezing Water Properties

Usage

```
gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

a list containing `tfreezing_SA` [K/(g/kg)], the derivative of freezing temperature with Absolute Salinity and `tfreezing_p` [K/dbar], the derivative with respect to pressure.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c(          10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- c( 1,    0.8,    0.6,    0.5,    0.4,    0)
derivs <- gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(derivs$tfreezing_SA,
  c(-0.056811800705787, -0.056856999671114, -0.056903079789292,
    -0.056904020028541, -0.056974588411844, -0.057082363270642)))
stopifnot(all.equal(derivs$tfreezing_p/1e-7,
  c(-0.748468312442338, -0.749793159537290, -0.752225023995510,
    -0.756170965034610, -0.767279572670040, -0.779936552091913)))
```

gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives_poly

Derivatives of Freezing Water Properties (Polynomial version)

Description

Derivatives of Freezing Water Properties (Polynomial version)

Usage

```
gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

Value

a list containing tfreezing_SA [K/(g/kg)], the derivative of freezing temperature with Absolute Salinity and tfreezing_p [K/dbar], the derivative with respect to pressure.

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c(          10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
saturation_fraction <- c(  1,   0.8,   0.6,   0.5,   0.4,   0)
derivs <- gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(derivs$tfreezing_SA,
  c(-0.056810211094078, -0.056855567524973, -0.056901968693345,
    -0.056903498206432, -0.056975157476629, -0.057083526206200)))
stopifnot(all.equal(derivs$tfreezing_p/1e-7,
  c(-0.748987354878138, -0.750288853857513, -0.752676389629787,
    -0.756549680608529, -0.767482625710990, -0.779985619685683)))
```

gsw_t_from_CT

In situ temperature from Conservative Temperature

Description

In situ temperature from Conservative Temperature

Usage

```
gsw_t_from_CT(SA, CT, p)
```

Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [g/kg]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [degC].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_from_CT.html

Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t <- gsw_t_from_CT(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(t, c(28.785580227725703, 28.432872246163946, 22.810323087627076,
10.260010752788906, 6.886286301029376, 4.403624452383043)))
```

`gsw_t_from_pt0_ice` *In situ Temperature from Potential Temperature at Odbar*

Description

In situ Temperature from Potential Temperature at Odbar

Usage

```
gsw_t_from_pt0_ice(pt0_ice, p)
```

Arguments

`pt0_ice` potential temperature of ice (ITS-90) [degC]
`p` sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

Value

in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [degC]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_from_pt0_ice.html

Examples

```
pt0_ice <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t <- gsw_t_from_pt0_ice(pt0_ice, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(t, c(-10.783412084414074, -13.422068638139141, -12.783170223330448,
                        -12.205667526492039, -10.755496924674144, -8.184121042593350)))
```

<code>gsw_z_from_p</code>	<i>Height from Pressure</i>
---------------------------	-----------------------------

Description

Computation of height (above sea level) from pressure, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

Usage

```
gsw_z_from_p(p, latitude, geo_strf_dyn_height, sea_surface_geopotential)
```

Arguments

<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>latitude</code>	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called <code>lat</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
<code>geo_strf_dyn_height</code>	vector of same length as <code>p</code> and <code>latitude</code> , indicating dynamic height [m^2/s^2]. If not supplied, this defaults to a vector of 0 values, with length matching that of <code>p</code> .

sea_surface_geopotential

vector of same length as p and latitude, indicating geopotential at zero sea pressure [m^2/s^2]. If not supplied, this defaults to a vector of 0 values, with length matching that of p.

Value

height [m]

Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

Historical Note

The `geo_strf_dyn_height` and `sea_surface_geopotential` parameters were added in GSW-R version 1.0-6.

References

http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_z_from_p.html

See Also

Other things related to depth: `gsw_p_from_z()`

Examples

```
z <- gsw_z_from_p(c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600,1000), 4)
stopifnot(all.equal(z/1e2, c(-0.099445834469453, -0.497180897012550, -1.242726219409978,
-2.484700576548589, -5.958253480356214, -9.920919060719987)))
```

saar *Global SA lookup file*

Description

This dataset is not intended for users, but rather for internal use within the gsw package. The dataset stores the 1.4M lookup table defined in the 8.3M file `src/gsw_saar_data.c` in the C library. (The `.c` file exceeds CRAN limitations on size.)

Details

The data are designed to replace C elements defined as below in `src/gsw_saar_data.c`:

```
static int gsw_nx=91, gsw_ny=45, gsw_nz=45;
static double longs_ref[91];
static double lats_ref[45];
static double p_ref[45];
static double ndepth_ref[4095];
static double saar_ref[184275];
static double delta_sa_ref[184275];
```

R storage is in a list named `saar`, with elements named as in the C code, i.e. `gsw_nx` etc.

C storage for these variables is allocated as needed, and the data are inserted, when `gsw` is launched. Thus, the existing C library code "knows" about the data as local storage, which keeps alterations to the C library to a minimum.

The `saar` dataset was created by the following R code. The netcdf file used in this code comes from the GSW-Fortran repository (at commit `baa0c09ffc7ed1f74972a1a2902d8754caa5b4cb`) and its md5 value is `dacb3f981e8e710ac2e83477701b3905`.

```
library(ncdf4)
nc <- nc_open("~/git/GSW-Fortran/test/gsw_data_v3_0.nc")
## Use as.vector() since these will all get handed into C, which does not understand matrices.
p_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "p_ref"))
lats_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "lats_ref"))
longs_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "longs_ref"))
ndepth_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "ndepth_ref"))
ndepth_ref[!is.finite(ndepth_ref)] <- -9e99
saar_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "SAAR_ref"))
saar_ref[!is.finite(saar_ref)] <- -9e99
delta_sa_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "deltaSA_ref"))
delta_sa_ref[!is.finite(delta_sa_ref)] <- -9e99
saar <- list(gsw_nx=gsw_nx, gsw_ny=gsw_ny, gsw_nz=gsw_nz,
            longs_ref=longs_ref, lats_ref=lats_ref, p_ref=p_ref, ndepth_ref=ndepth_ref,
            saar_ref=saar_ref, delta_sa_ref=delta_sa_ref)
save(saar, file="saar.rda")
tools::resaveRdaFiles("saar.rda")
nc_close(nc)
```

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